



## MOHAMED SATHAK A J COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING

Sponsored by Mohamed Sathak Trust  
(Approved by AICTE, New Delhi and Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai)  
Siruseri IT Park, Egattur, Chennai 603 103

### B.E - MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

S.No	Name of the course that include experiential learning through Project work/ Internship (2016 - 2017)
1	GE6253 - Engineering Mechanics
2	CE6306 - Strength of Materials
3	ME6301 - Engineering Thermodynamics
4	CE6451 - Fluid Mechanics and Machinery
5	ME6302 - Manufacturing Technology - I
6	EE6351 - Electrical Drives and Controls
7	ME6401 - Kinematics of Machinery
8	ME6402 - Manufacturing Technology- II
9	ME6403 - Engineering Materials and Metallurgy
10	GE6351 - Environmental Science and Engineering
11	ME6404 - Thermal Engineering
12	ME6501 - Computer Aided Design
13	ME6502 - Heat and Mass Transfer
14	ME6503 - Design of Machine Elements
15	ME6504 - Metrology and Measurements
16	ME6505 - Dynamics of Machines
17	ME6601 - Design of Transmission Systems
18	ME6602 - Automobile Engineering
19	ME6603 - Finite Element Analysis
20	ME6604 - Gas Dynamics and Jet Propulsion
21	ME6701 - Power Plant Engineering
22	ME6702 - Mechatronics
23	ME6703 - Computer Integrated Manufacturing Systems



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24	ME6001	-	Quality Control and Reliability Engineering
25	ME6002	-	Refrigeration and Air conditioning
26	ME6004	-	Unconventional Machining Processes
27	ME6006	-	Design of Jigs, Fixtures and Press Tools
28	ME6007	-	Composite Materials and Mechanics
29	ME6008	-	Welding Technology
30	ME6005	-	Process Planning and Cost Estimation
31	ME6003	-	Renewable Sources of Energy
32	MG6863	-	Engineering Economics
33	GE6757	-	Total Quality Management
34	MG6071	-	Entrepreneurs Development
35	ME6015	-	Operations Research
36	IE6605	-	Production Planning and Control
37	ME6014	-	Computational Fluid Dynamics
38	ME6016	-	Advanced I.C. Engines
39	ME6017	-	Design of Heat Exchangers
40	ME6019	-	Non Destructive Testing and Materials
41	ME6020	-	Vibration and Noise Control



  
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S.No.	Subject Code	Subject Name	Course that include experimental learning through project work
1	GE6253	Engineering Mechanics	Laws of Mechanics, Lami's Theorem, Action and Reaction Forces and Stable Equilibrium

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**OBJECTIVES:**

To develop capacity to predict the effect of force and motion in the course of carrying out the design functions of engineering.

**UNIT I BASICS AND STATICS OF PARTICLES 12**

Introduction – Units and Dimensions – Laws of Mechanics – Lami's theorem, Parallelogram and triangular Law of forces – Vectorial representation of forces – Vector operations of forces -additions, subtraction, dot product, cross product – Coplanar Forces – rectangular components – Equilibrium of a particle – Forces in space – Equilibrium of a particle in space – Equivalent systems of forces – Principle of transmissibility .

**UNIT II EQUILIBRIUM OF RIGID BODIES 12**

Free body diagram – Types of supports – Action and reaction forces – stable equilibrium – Moments and Couples – Moment of a force about a point and about an axis – Vectorial representation of moments and couples – Scalar components of a moment – Varignon's theorem – Single equivalent force – Equilibrium of Rigid bodies in two dimensions – Equilibrium of Rigid bodies in three dimensions

**UNIT III PROPERTIES OF SURFACES AND SOLIDS 12**

Centroids and centre of mass– Centroids of lines and areas - Rectangular, circular, triangular areas by integration – T section, I section, - Angle section, Hollow section by using standard formula – Theorems of Pappus - Area moments of inertia of plane areas – Rectangular, circular, triangular areas by integration – T section, I section, Angle section, Hollow section by using standard formula – Parallel axis theorem and perpendicular axis theorem – Principal moments of inertia of plane areas – Principal axes of inertia-Mass moment of inertia – mass moment of inertia for prismatic, cylindrical and spherical solids from first principle – Relation to area moments of inertia.

**UNIT IV DYNAMICS OF PARTICLES 12**

Displacements, Velocity and acceleration, their relationship – Relative motion – Curvilinear motion - Newton's laws of motion – Work Energy Equation– Impulse and Momentum – Impact of elastic bodies.

**UNIT V FRICTION AND ELEMENTS OF RIGID BODY DYNAMICS 12**

Friction force – Laws of sliding friction – equilibrium analysis of simple systems with sliding friction – wedge friction-. Rolling resistance -Translation and Rotation of Rigid Bodies – Velocity and acceleration – General Plane motion of simple rigid bodies such as cylinder, disc/wheel and sphere.

**TOTAL : 60 PERIODS****OUTCOMES:**

ability to explain the differential principles applies to solve engineering problems dealing with force, displacement, velocity and acceleration.

ability to analyse the forces in any structures.

ability to solve rigid body subjected to dynamic forces.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Beer, F.P and Johnston Jr. E.R., "Vector Mechanics for Engineers (In SI Units): Statics and Dynamics", 8<sup>th</sup> Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing company, New Delhi (2004).
2. Vela Murali, "Engineering Mechanics", Oxford University Press (2010)

**REFERENCES:**

1. Hibbeler, R.C and Ashok Gupta, "Engineering Mechanics: Statics and Dynamics", 11<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Education 2010.
2. Irving H. Shames and Krishna Mohana Rao. G., "Engineering Mechanics – Statics and Dynamics", 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Education 2006.
3. Meriam J.L. and Kraige L.G., " Engineering Mechanics- Statics - Volume 1, Dynamics- Volume 2", Third Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 1993.
4. Rajasekaran S and Sankarasubramanian G., "Engineering Mechanics Statics and Dynamics", 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., 2005.
5. Bhavikatti, S.S and Rajashekarappa, K.G., "Engineering Mechanics", New Age International (P) Limited Publishers, 1998.
6. Kumar, K.L., "Engineering Mechanics", 3<sup>rd</sup> Revised Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing company, New Delhi 2008.



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S.No.	Subject Code	Subject Name	Course that include experimental learning through project work
1	CE6306	Strength of Materials	Tension, Compression, Shear Stresses, Shear Force and Bending moment

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CE6306

## STRENGTH OF MATERIALS

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### OBJECTIVES:

To understand the stresses developed in bars, compounds bars, beams, shafts, cylinders and spheres.

**UNIT I STRESS, STRAIN AND DEFORMATION OF SOLIDS** 9  
Rigid bodies and deformable solids – Tension, Compression and Shear Stresses – Deformation of simple and compound bars – Thermal stresses – Elastic constants – Volumetric strains – Stresses on inclined planes – principal stresses and principal planes – Mohr's circle of stress.

**UNIT II TRANSVERSE LOADING ON BEAMS AND STRESSES IN BEAM** 9  
Beams – types transverse loading on beams – Shear force and bending moment in beams – Cantilevers – Simply supported beams and over – hanging beams. Theory of simple bending – bending stress distribution – Load carrying capacity – Proportioning of sections – Flitched beams – Shear stress distribution.

**UNIT III TORSION** 9  
Torsion formulation stresses and deformation in circular and hollow shafts – Stepped shafts – Deflection in shafts fixed at the both ends – Stresses in helical springs – Deflection of helical springs, carriage springs.

**UNIT IV DEFLECTION OF BEAMS** 9  
Double Integration method – Macaulay's method – Area moment method for computation of slopes and deflections in beams - Conjugate beam and strain energy – Maxwell's reciprocal theorems.

**UNIT V THIN CYLINDERS, SPHERES AND THICK CYLINDERS** 9  
Stresses in thin cylindrical shell due to internal pressure circumferential and longitudinal stresses and deformation in thin and thick cylinders – spherical shells subjected to internal pressure – Deformation in spherical shells – Lamé's theorem.

### OUTCOMES:

TOTAL (L:45+T:15): 60 PERIODS

Upon completion of this course, the students can able to apply mathematical knowledge to calculate the deformation behavior of simple structures.  
Critically analyse problem and solve the problems related to mechanical elements and analyse the deformation behavior for different types of loads.

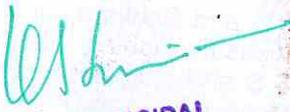
### TEXT BOOKS:

1. Bansal, R.K., "Strength of Materials", Laxmi Publications (P) Ltd., 2007
2. Jindal U.C., "Strength of Materials", Asian Books Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2007

### REFERENCES:

1. Egor. P. Popov "Engineering Mechanics of Solids" Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2001
2. Subramanian R., "Strength of Materials", Oxford University Press, Oxford Higher Education Series, 2007.
3. Hibbeler, R.C., "Mechanics of Materials", Pearson Education, Low Price Edition, 2007
4. Ferdinand P. Beer, Russell Johnson, J.r. and John J. Dewole "Mechanics of Materials", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing 'co. Ltd., New Delhi, 2005.



  
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S.No.	Subject Code	Subject Name	Course that include experimental learning through project work
1	CE6451	Fluid Mechanics and Machinery	Mass Density, Specific Weight, Specific Volume, Specific gravity, Compressibility, Vapor Pressure, Roto-dynamic Machines, Centrifugal pumps and Reciprocating Pump

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CE6451

## FLUID MECHANICS AND MACHINERY

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### OBJECTIVES:

- The applications of the conservation laws to flow through pipes and hydraulic machines are studied
- To understand the importance of dimensional analysis.
- To understand the importance of various types of flow in pumps and turbines.

### UNIT I FLUID PROPERTIES AND FLOW CHARACTERISTICS

8

Units and dimensions- Properties of fluids- mass density, specific weight, specific volume, specific gravity, viscosity, compressibility, vapor pressure, surface tension and capillarity. Flow characteristics – concept of control volume - application of continuity equation, energy equation and momentum equation.

### UNIT II FLOW THROUGH CIRCULAR CONDUITS

8

Hydraulic and energy gradient - Laminar flow through circular conduits and circular annuli-Boundary layer concepts – types of boundary layer thickness – Darcy Weisbach equation –friction factor- Moody diagram- commercial pipes- minor losses – Flow through pipes in series and parallel.

### UNIT III DIMENSIONAL ANALYSIS

9

Need for dimensional analysis – methods of dimensional analysis – Similitude –types of similitude - Dimensionless parameters- application of dimensionless parameters – Model analysis.

### UNIT IV PUMPS

10

Impact of jets - Euler's equation - Theory of roto-dynamic machines – various efficiencies– velocity components at entry and exit of the rotor- velocity triangles - Centrifugal pumps– working principle - work done by the impeller - performance curves - Reciprocating pump- working principle – Rotary pumps –classification.

### UNIT V TURBINES

10

Classification of turbines – heads and efficiencies – velocity triangles. Axial, radial and mixed flow turbines. Pelton wheel, Francis turbine and Kaplan turbines- working principles - work done by water on the runner – draft tube. Specific speed - unit quantities – performance curves for turbines – governing of turbines.

### OUTCOMES:

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

- Upon completion of this course, the students can able to apply mathematical knowledge to predict the properties and characteristics of a fluid.
- Can critically analyse the performance of pumps and turbines.

### TEXT BOOK:

1. Modi P.N. and Seth, S.M. "Hydraulics and Fluid Mechanics", Standard Book House, New Delhi 2004.

### REFERENCES:

1. Streeter, V. L. and Wylie E. B., "Fluid Mechanics", McGraw Hill Publishing Co. 2010
2. Kumar K. L., "Engineering Fluid Mechanics", Eurasia Publishing House(p) Ltd., New Delhi 2004
3. Robert W.Fox, Alan T. McDonald, Philip J.Pritchard, "Fluid Mechanics and Machinery", 2011.
4. Graebel. W.P, "Engineering Fluid Mechanics", Taylor & Francis, Indian Reprint, 2011



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S.No.	Subject Code	Subject Name	Course that include experimental learning through project work
1	ME6301	Engineering Thermodynamics	Zeroth Law of thermodynamics, Concept of Temperature and thermal Equilibrium, first law of thermodynamics and Application Closed and Open System, T-S diagram and Tds Equations

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**OBJECTIVES:**

To familiarize the students to understand the fundamentals of thermodynamics and to perform thermal analysis on their behavior and performance.

(Use of Standard and approved Steam Table, Mollier Chart, Compressibility Chart and Psychrometric Chart permitted)

- UNIT I BASIC CONCEPTS AND FIRST LAW 9**  
Basic concepts - concept of continuum, comparison of microscopic and macroscopic approach. Path and point functions. Intensive and extensive, total and specific quantities. System and their types. Thermodynamic Equilibrium State, path and process. Quasi-static, reversible and irreversible processes. Heat and work transfer, definition and comparison, sign convention. Displacement work and other modes of work .P-V diagram. Zeroth law of thermodynamics – concept of temperature and thermal equilibrium– relationship between temperature scales –new temperature scales. First law of thermodynamics –application to closed and open systems – steady and unsteady flow processes.
- UNIT II SECOND LAW AND AVAILABILITY ANALYSIS 9**  
Heat Reservoir, source and sink. Heat Engine, Refrigerator, Heat pump. Statements of second law and its corollaries. Carnot cycle Reversed Carnot cycle, Performance. Clausius inequality. Concept of entropy, T-s diagram, Tds Equations, entropy change for - pure substance, ideal gases - different processes, principle of increase in entropy. Applications of II Law. High and low grade energy. Available and non-available energy of a source and finite body. Energy and irreversibility. Expressions for the energy of a closed system and open systems. Energy balance and entropy generation. Irreversibility. I and II law Efficiency.
- UNIT III PROPERTIES OF PURE SUBSTANCE AND STEAM POWER CYCLE 9**  
Formation of steam and its thermodynamic properties, p-v, p-T, T-v, T-s, h-s diagrams. p-v-T surface. Use of Steam Table and Mollier Chart. Determination of dryness fraction. Application of I and II law for pure substances. Ideal and actual Rankine cycles, Cycle Improvement Methods - Reheat and Regenerative cycles, Economiser, preheater, Binary and Combined cycles.
- UNIT IV IDEAL AND REAL GASES, THERMODYNAMIC RELATIONS 9**  
Properties of Ideal gas- Ideal and real gas comparison- Equations of state for ideal and real gases- Reduced properties-.Compressibility factor-.Principle of Corresponding states. -Generalised Compressibility Chart and its use-. Maxwell relations, Tds Equations, Difference and ratio of heat capacities, Energy equation, Joule-Thomson Coefficient, Clausius Clapeyron equation, Phase Change Processes. Simple Calculations.
- UNIT V GAS MIXTURES AND PSYCHROMETRY 9**  
Mole and Mass fraction, Dalton's and Amagat's Law. Properties of gas mixture – Molar mass, gas constant, density, change in internal energy, enthalpy, entropy and Gibbs function. Psychrometric properties, Psychrometric charts. Property calculations of air vapour mixtures by using chart and expressions. Psychrometric process – adiabatic saturation, sensible heating and cooling, humidification, dehumidification, evaporative cooling and adiabatic mixing. Simple Applications
- TOTAL : 45 PERIODS**

**OUTCOMES:**

Upon completion of this course, the students can able to apply the Thermodynamic Principles to Mechanical Engineering Application.

Apply mathematical fundamentals to study the properties of steam, gas and gas mixtures.

**TEXT BOOKS :**

1. Nag.P.K., "Engineering Thermodynamics", 4<sup>th</sup>Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2008.
2. Natarajan E. "Engineering Thermodynamics: Fundamentals and Applications", Anuragam Publications, 2012.



  
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S.No.	Subject Code	Subject Name	Course that include experimental learning through project work
1	EE6351	Electrical Drives and Control	DC Motors, DC Motor Starters, Shunt and Series Motors, Three Phase Induction Motor

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EE6351

**ELECTRICAL DRIVES AND CONTROL**

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**OBJECTIVES:**

To understand the basic concepts of different types of electrical machines and their performance.

To study the different methods of starting D.C motors and induction motors.

To study the conventional and solid-state drives

**UNIT I INTRODUCTION**

8

Basic Elements – Types of Electric Drives – factors influencing the choice of electrical drives – heating and cooling curves – Loading conditions and classes of duty – Selection of power rating for drive motors with regard to thermal overloading and Load variation factors

**UNIT II DRIVE MOTOR CHARACTERISTICS**

9

Mechanical characteristics – Speed-Torque characteristics of various types of load and drive motors – Braking of Electrical motors – DC motors: Shunt, series and compound - single phase and three phase induction motors.

**UNIT III STARTING METHODS**

8

Types of D.C Motor starters – Typical control circuits for shunt and series motors – Three phase squirrel cage and slip ring induction motors.

**UNIT IV CONVENTIONAL AND SOLID STATE SPEED CONTROL OF D.C. DRIVES**

10

Speed control of DC series and shunt motors – Armature and field control, Ward-Leonard control system - Using controlled rectifiers and DC choppers –applications.

**UNIT V CONVENTIONAL AND SOLID STATE SPEED CONTROL OF A.C. DRIVES**

10

Speed control of three phase induction motor – Voltage control, voltage / frequency control, slip power recovery scheme – Using inverters and AC voltage regulators – applications.

**TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**

**OUTCOMES:**

Upon Completion of this subject, the students can able to explain different types of electrical machines and their performance

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Vedam Subrahmaniam, "Electric Drives (Concepts and Applications)", Tata McGraw-Hill, 2001
2. Nagrath .I.J. & Kothari .D.P, "Electrical Machines", Tata McGraw-Hill, 1998

**REFERENCES:**

1. Pillai.S.K "A First Course on Electric Drives", Wiley Eastern Limited, 1998
2. Singh. M.D., K.B.Khanchandani, "Power Electronics", Tata McGraw-Hill, 1998
3. Partab. H., "Art and Science and Utilisation of Electrical Energy", Dhanpat Rai and Sons, 1994



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S.No.	Subject Code	Subject Name	Course that include experimental learning through project work
1	ME6302	Manufacturing Technology I	Gas Tungsten arc welding

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**OBJECTIVES:**

To introduce the concepts of basic manufacturing processes and fabrication techniques, such as metal casting, metal joining, metal forming and manufacture of plastic components.

**UNIT I METAL CASTING PROCESSES**

9

**Sand Casting** : Sand Mould – Type of patterns - Pattern Materials – Pattern allowances –Moulding sand Properties and testing – Cores –Types and applications – Moulding machines– Types and applications; **Melting furnaces** : Blast and Cupola Furnaces; **Principle of special casting processes** : Shell - investment – Ceramic mould – Pressure die casting - Centrifugal Casting - CO<sub>2</sub> process – Stir casting; **Defects in Sand casting**

**UNIT II JOINING PROCESSES**

9

**Operating principle, basic equipment, merits and applications of** : Fusion welding processes : Gas welding - Types – Flame characteristics; Manual metal arc welding – Gas Tungsten arc welding - Gas metal arc welding – Submerged arc welding – Electro slag welding; **Operating principle and applications of** : Resistance welding - Plasma arc welding – Thermit welding – Electron beam welding – Friction welding and Friction Stir Welding; Brazing and soldering; **Weld defects**: types, causes and cure.

**UNIT III METAL FORMING PROCESSES**

9

Hot working and cold working of metals – Forging processes – Open, impression and closed die forging – forging operations. Rolling of metals– Types of Rolling – Flat strip rolling – shape rolling operations – Defects in rolled parts. Principle of rod and wire drawing – Tube drawing – Principles of Extrusion – Types – Hot and Cold extrusion.

**UNIT IV SHEET METAL PROCESSES**

9

Sheet metal characteristics – shearing, bending and drawing operations – Stretch forming operations – Formability of sheet metal – Test methods –special forming processes-Working principle and applications – Hydro forming – Rubber pad forming – Metal spinning– Introduction of Explosive forming, magnetic pulse forming, peen forming, Super plastic forming – Micro forming

**UNIT V MANUFACTURE OF PLASTIC COMPONENTS**

9

Types and characteristics of plastics – Moulding of thermoplastics – working principles and typical applications – injection moulding – Plunger and screw machines – Compression moulding, Transfer Moulding – Typical industrial applications – introduction to blow moulding –Rotational moulding – Film blowing – Extrusion – Thermoforming – Bonding of Thermoplastics.

**TOTAL: 45 PERIODS****OUTCOMES:**

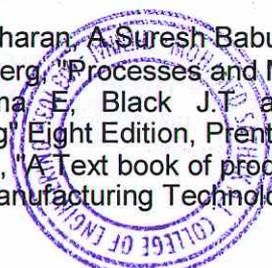
Upon completion of this course, the students can able to apply the different manufacturing process and use this in industry for component production

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Hajra Choudhary S.K and Hajra Choudhury. AK., "Elements of workshop Technology", volume I and II, Media promoters and Publishers Private Limited, Mumbai, 1997
2. Kalpakjian. S, "Manufacturing Engineering and Technology", Pearson Education India Edition, 2006

**REFERENCES:**

1. Gowri P. Hariharan, A Suresh Babu, "Manufacturing Technology I", Pearson Education, 2008
2. Roy. A. Lindberg, "Processes and Materials of Manufacture", PHI / Pearson education, 2006
3. Paul Degarmo, E. Black J.T. and Ronald A. Kosher, "Materials and Processes, in Manufacturing", Eight Edition, Prentice – Hall of India, 1997.
4. Sharma, P.C., "A Text book of production Technology", S.Chand and Co. Ltd., 2004.
5. Rao, P.N. "Manufacturing Technology Foundry, Forming and Welding", 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, TMH-2003;



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S.No.	Subject Code	Subject Name	Course that include experimental learning through project work
1	ME6402	Manufacturing Technology II	Single Point Cutting Tool, Forces in Machining, Types of Chip, Cutting tools, Thermal Aspects, Specification, operations, taper turning method, thread cutting methods and special attachments

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**OBJECTIVES:**

To understand the concept and basic mechanics of metal cutting, working of standard machine tools such as lathe, shaping and allied machines, milling, drilling and allied machines, grinding and allied machines and broaching.

To understand the basic concepts of Computer Numerical Control (CNC) of machine tools and CNC Programming

**UNIT I THEORY OF METAL CUTTING**

9

Mechanics of chip formation, single point cutting tool, forces in machining, Types of chip, cutting tools – nomenclature, orthogonal metal cutting, thermal aspects, cutting tool materials, tool wear, tool life, surface finish, cutting fluids and Machinability.

**UNIT II TURNING MACHINES**

9

Centre lathe, constructional features, specification, operations – taper turning methods, thread cutting methods, special attachments, machining time and power estimation. Capstan and turret lathes- tool layout – automatic lathes: semi automatic – single spindle : Swiss type, automatic screw type – multi spindle:

**UNIT III SHAPER, MILLING AND GEAR CUTTING MACHINES**

9

Shaper - Types of operations. Drilling ,reaming, boring, Tapping. Milling operations-types of milling cutter. Gear cutting – forming and generation principle and construction of gear milling ,hobbing and gear shaping processes –finishing of gears.

**UNIT IV ABRASIVE PROCESS AND BROACHING**

9

Abrasive processes: grinding wheel – specifications and selection, types of grinding process– cylindrical grinding, surface grinding, centreless grinding and internal grinding- Typical applications – concepts of surface integrity, broaching machines: broach construction – push, pull, surface and continuous broaching machines

**UNIT V CNC MACHINING**

9

Numerical Control (NC) machine tools – CNC types, constructional details, special features, machining centre, part programming fundamentals CNC – manual part programming – micromachining – wafer machining.

**TOTAL : 45 PERIODS****OUTCOMES:**

Upon completion of this course, the students can able to understand and compare the functions and applications of different metal cutting tools and also demonstrate the programming in CNC machining.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Hajra Choudhury, "Elements of Workshop Technology", Vol.II., Media Promoters
2. Rao. P.N "Manufacturing Technology - Metal Cutting and Machine Tools", Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2003.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Richerd R Kibbe, John E. Neely, Roland O. Merges and Warren J.White "Machine Tool Practices", Prentice Hall of India, 1998
2. HMT, "Production Technology", Tata McGraw Hill, 1998.
3. Geoffrey Boothroyd, "Fundamentals of Metal Machining and Machine Tools", Mc Graw Hill, 1984
4. Roy. A.Lindberg, "Process and Materials of Manufacture," Fourth Edition, PHI/Pearson Education 2006.



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S.No.	Subject Code	Subject Name	Course that include experimental learning through project work
1	ME6401	Kinematics of Machinery	Classification of Mechanism, Basic Kinematic Concepts and Definitions, Degree of Freedom Mobility, Displacement, Velocity and Acceleration Analysis of Simple Mechanism

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34, Rajiv Gandhi Road (OMR), Siruseri, IT Park  
Chennai-603 103.

**OBJECTIVES:**

To understand the basic components and layout of linkages in the assembly of a system / machine.

To understand the principles in analyzing the assembly with respect to the displacement, velocity, and acceleration at any point in a link of a mechanism.

To understand the motion resulting from a specified set of linkages, design few linkage mechanisms and cam mechanisms for specified output motions.

To understand the basic concepts of toothed gearing and kinematics of gear trains and the effects of friction in motion transmission and in machine components.

**UNIT I BASICS OF MECHANISMS 9**

Classification of mechanisms – Basic kinematic concepts and definitions – Degree of freedom, Mobility – Kutzbach criterion, Gruebler's criterion – Grashof's Law – Kinematic inversions of four-bar chain and slider crank chains – Limit positions – Mechanical advantage – Transmission Angle – Description of some common mechanisms – Quick return mechanisms, Straight line generators, Universal Joint – rocker mechanisms.

**UNIT II KINEMATICS OF LINKAGE MECHANISMS 9**

Displacement, velocity and acceleration analysis of simple mechanisms – Graphical method– Velocity and acceleration polygons – Velocity analysis using instantaneous centres – kinematic analysis of simple mechanisms – Coincident points – Coriolis component of Acceleration – Introduction to linkage synthesis problem.

**UNIT III KINEMATICS OF CAM MECHANISMS 9**

Classification of cams and followers – Terminology and definitions – Displacement diagrams –Uniform velocity, parabolic, simple harmonic and cycloidal motions – Derivatives of follower motions – Layout of plate cam profiles – Specified contour cams – Circular arc and tangent cams – Pressure angle and undercutting – sizing of cams.

**UNIT IV GEARS AND GEAR TRAINS 9**

Law of toothed gearing – Involute and cycloidal tooth profiles –Spur Gear terminology and definitions –Gear tooth action – contact ratio – Interference and undercutting. Helical, Bevel, Worm, Rack and Pinion gears [Basics only]. Gear trains – Speed ratio, train value – Parallel axis gear trains – Epicyclic Gear Trains.

**UNIT V FRICTION IN MACHINE ELEMENTS 9**

Surface contacts – Sliding and Rolling friction – Friction drives – Friction in screw threads –Bearings and lubrication – Friction clutches – Belt and rope drives – Friction in brakes- Band and Block brakes.

**TOTAL: 45 PERIODS****OUTCOMES:**

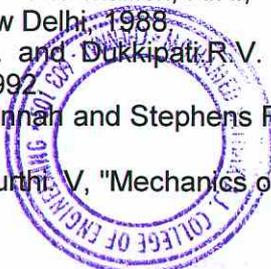
Upon completion of this course, the students can able to apply fundamentals of mechanism for the design of new mechanisms and analyse them for optimum design.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Uicker, J.J., Pennock G.R and Shigley, J.E., "Theory of Machines and Mechanisms", 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Oxford University Press, 2009.
2. Rattan, S.S, "Theory of Machines", 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2009.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Thomas Bevan, "Theory of Machines", 3rd Edition, CBS Publishers and Distributors, 2005.
2. Cleghorn. W. L, "Mechanisms of Machines", Oxford University Press, 2005
3. Robert L. Norton, "Kinematics and Dynamics of Machinery", Tata McGraw-Hill, 2009.
4. Allen S. Hall Jr., "Kinematics and Linkage Design", Prentice Hall, 1961
5. Ghosh. A and Mallick, A.K., "Theory of Mechanisms and Machines", Affiliated East-West Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 1988
6. Rao.J.S. and Dukkipati.R.V. "Mechanisms and Machine Theory", Wiley-Eastern Ltd., New Delhi, 1992
7. John Hamann and Stephens R.C., "Mechanics of Machines", Viva Low-Prices Student Edition, 1999.
8. Ramamurthi. V, "Mechanics of Machines", Narosa Publishing House, 2002.



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Siruseri IT Park, Egattur, Chennai - 603 103

S.No.	Subject Code	Subject Name	Course that include experimental learning through project work
1	ME6404	Thermal Engineering	Otto, Diesel, Brayton Cycles, P-V Diagram of Four Stroke and two stroke engines, carburetor, combustion and Knocking in SI and CI Engines.

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Chennai-603 103.

**OBJECTIVES:**

To integrate the concepts, laws and methodologies from the first course in thermodynamics into analysis of cyclic processes

To apply the thermodynamic concepts into various thermal application like IC engines, Steam Turbines, Compressors and Refrigeration and Air conditioning systems

(Use of standard refrigerant property data book, Steam Tables, Mollier diagram and Psychrometric chart permitted)

**UNIT I GAS POWER CYCLES 8**

Otto, Diesel, Dual, Brayton cycles, Calculation of mean effective pressure, and air standard efficiency - Comparison of cycles.

**UNIT II INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINES 10**

Classification - Components and their function. Valve timing diagram and port timing diagram - actual and theoretical p-V diagram of four stroke and two stroke engines. Simple and complete Carburettor. MPFI, Diesel pump and injector system. Battery and Magneto Ignition System - Principles of Combustion and knocking in SI and CI Engines. Lubrication and Cooling systems. Performance calculation.

**UNIT III STEAM NOZZLES AND TURBINES 9**

Flow of steam through nozzles, shapes of nozzles, effect of friction, critical pressure ratio, supersaturated flow. Impulse and Reaction principles, compounding, velocity diagram for simple and multi-stage turbines, speed regulations -Governors.

**UNIT IV AIR COMPRESSOR 9**

Classification and working principle of various types of compressors, work of compression with and without clearance, Volumetric efficiency, Isothermal efficiency and Isentropic efficiency of reciprocating compressors, Multistage air compressor and inter cooling -work of multistage air compressor

**UNIT V REFRIGERATION AND AIR CONDITIONING 9**

Refrigerants - Vapour compression refrigeration cycle- super heat, sub cooling - Performance calculations - working principle of vapour absorption system, Ammonia -Water, Lithium bromide - water systems (Description only) . Air conditioning system - Processes, Types and Working Principles. - Concept of RSHF, GSHF, ESHF- Cooling Load calculations.

**TOTAL: 45 PERIODS****OUTCOMES:**

Upon completion of this course, the students can able to apply the different gas power cycles and use of them in IC and R&AC applications.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Rajput. R. K., "Thermal Engineering" S.Chand Publishers, 2000
2. Kothandaraman.C.P., Domkundwar. S,Domkundwar. A.V., "A course in thermal Engineering", Fifth Edition, "Dhanpat Rai & sons , 2002

**REFERENCES:**

1. Sarkar, B.K, "Thermal Engineering" Tata McGraw-Hill Publishers, 2007
2. Arora.C.P, "Refrigeration and Air Conditioning ,",Tata McGraw-Hill Publishers 1994
3. Ganesan V., "Internal Combustion Engines" , Third Edition, Tata Mcgraw-Hill 2007
4. Rudramoorthy, R, "Thermal Engineering ",Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi,2003
5. Ramalingam K.K., "Thermal Engineering", SCITECH Publications (India) Pvt. Ltd., 2009.



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S.No.	Subject Code	Subject Name	Course that include experimental learning through project work
1	ME6403	Engineering Materials and Metallurgy	Stainless and Tool Steels, HSLA, Mg alloys, Engineering Polymers, Thermoplastic Polymer and Engineering Ceramics

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**OBJECTIVES:**

To impart knowledge on the structure, properties, treatment, testing and applications of metals and non-metallic materials so as to identify and select suitable materials for various engineering applications.

**UNIT I ALLOYS AND PHASE DIAGRAMS**

9

Constitution of alloys – Solid solutions, substitutional and interstitial – phase diagrams, Isomorphous, eutectic, eutectoid, peritectic, and peritectoid reactions, Iron – carbon equilibrium diagram. Classification of steel and cast Iron microstructure, properties and application.

**UNIT II HEAT TREATMENT**

10

Definition – Full annealing, stress relief, recrystallisation and spheroidising – normalising, hardening and Tempering of steel. Isothermal transformation diagrams – cooling curves superimposed on I.T.diagram CCR – Hardenability, Jominy end quench test - Austempering, martempering – case hardening, carburizing, Nitriding, cyaniding, carbonitriding – Flame and Induction hardening – Vacuum and Plasma hardening.

**UNIT III FERROUS AND NON-FERROUS METALS**

9

Effect of alloying additions on steel-  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  stabilisers– stainless and tool steels – HSLA, Maraging steels – Cast Iron - Grey, white, malleable, spheroidal – alloy cast irons, Copper and copper alloys – Brass, Bronze and Cupronickel – Aluminium and Al-Cu – precipitation strengthening treatment – Bearing alloys, Mg-alloys, Ni-based super alloys and Titanium alloys.

**UNIT IV NON-METALLIC MATERIALS**

9

Polymers – types of polymer, commodity and engineering polymers – Properties and applications of various thermosetting and thermoplastic polymers (PP, PS, PVC, PMMA, PET, PC, PA, ABS, PI, PAI, PPO, PPS, PEEK, PTFE, Polymers – Urea and Phenol formaldehydes)- Engineering Ceramics – Properties and applications of  $Al_2O_3$ , SiC,  $Si_3N_4$ , PSZ and SIALON –Composites-Classifications- Metal Matrix and FRP - Applications of Composites.

**UNIT V MECHANICAL PROPERTIES AND DEFORMATION MECHANISMS**

8

Mechanisms of plastic deformation, slip and twinning – Types of fracture – Testing of materials under tension, compression and shear loads – Hardness tests (Brinell, Vickers and Rockwell), hardness tests, Impact test Izod and Charpy, fatigue and creep failure mechanisms.

**OUTCOMES:**

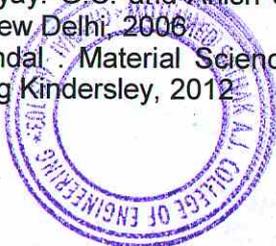
Upon completion of this course, the students can able to apply the different materials, their processing, heat treatments in suitable application in mechanical engineering fields.

**TOTAL : 45 PERIODS****TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Avner, S.H., "Introduction to Physical Metallurgy", McGraw Hill Book Company, 1994.
2. Williams D Callister, "Material Science and Engineering" Wiley India Pvt Ltd, Revised Indian Edition 2007

**REFERENCES:**

1. Raghavan.V, "Materials Science and Engineering", Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., 1999.
2. Kenneth G.Budinski and Michael K. Budinski, "Engineering Materials", Prentice Hall of India Private Limited, 4th Indian Reprint 2002.
3. Upadhyay. G.S. and Anish Upadhyay, "Materials Science and Engineering", Viva Books Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2006.
4. U.C.Jindal. Material Science and Metallurgy, "Engineering Materials and Metallurgy", First Edition, Dorling Kindersley, 2012.



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S.No.	Subject Code	Subject Name	Course that include experimental learning through project work
1	ME6502	Heat and Mass Transfer	One Dimensional steady state heat conduction, Free and Forced Convection.

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**OBJECTIVES:**

To understand the mechanisms of heat transfer under steady and transient conditions.

To understand the concepts of heat transfer through extended surfaces.

To learn the thermal analysis and sizing of heat exchangers and to understand the basic concepts of mass transfer.

(Use of standard HMT data book permitted)

**UNIT I CONDUCTION**

9

General Differential equation of Heat Conduction— Cartesian and Polar Coordinates – One Dimensional Steady State Heat Conduction — plane and Composite Systems – Conduction with Internal Heat Generation – Extended Surfaces – Unsteady Heat Conduction – Lumped Analysis – Semi Infinite and Infinite Solids –Use of Heisler's charts.

**UNIT II CONVECTION**

9

Free and Forced Convection - Hydrodynamic and Thermal Boundary Layer. Free and Forced Convection during external flow over Plates and Cylinders and Internal flow through tubes .

**UNIT III PHASE CHANGE HEAT TRANSFER AND HEAT EXCHANGERS**

9

Nusselt's theory of condensation - Regimes of Pool boiling and Flow boiling. Correlations in boiling and condensation. Heat Exchanger Types - Overall Heat Transfer Coefficient – Fouling Factors - Analysis – LMTD method - NTU method.

**UNIT IV RADIATION**

9

Black Body Radiation – Grey body radiation - Shape Factor – Electrical Analogy – Radiation Shields. Radiation through gases.

**UNIT V MASS TRANSFER**

9

Basic Concepts – Diffusion Mass Transfer – Fick's Law of Diffusion – Steady state Molecular Diffusion – Convective Mass Transfer – Momentum, Heat and Mass Transfer Analogy –Convective Mass Transfer Correlations.

**TOTAL : 45 PERIODS****OUTCOMES:**

Upon completion of this course, the students can able to understand and apply different heat and mass transfer principles of different applications.

**TEXT BOOK:**

1. Yunus A. Cengel, "Heat Transfer A Practical Approach", Tata McGraw Hill, 2010

**REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Frank P. Incropera and David P. Dewitt, "Fundamentals of Heat and Mass Transfer", John Wiley & Sons, 1998.
2. Venkateshan. S.P., "Heat Transfer", Ane Books, New Delhi, 2004.
3. Ghoshdastidar, P.S, "Heat Transfer", Oxford, 2004,
4. Nag, P.K., "Heat Transfer", Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2002
5. Holman, J.P., "Heat and Mass Transfer", Tata McGraw Hill, 2000
6. Ozisik, M.N., "Heat Transfer", McGraw Hill Book Co., 1994.
7. Kothandaraman, C.P., "Fundamentals of Heat and Mass Transfer", New Age International, New Delhi, 1998.
8. Yadav, R., "Heat and Mass Transfer", Central Publishing House, 1995.
9. M.Thirumaleshwar : Fundamentals of Heat and Mass Transfer, "Heat and Mass Transfer", First Edition, Dorling Kindersley, 2009



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S.No.	Subject Code	Subject Name	Course that include experimental learning through project work
1	ME6501	Computer Aided Design	Computer Aided design, Computer Graphics, Coordinate systems 2D and 3D, Hidden, Line, Surface, Solid removal algorithms, shading, coloring and computer animation

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ME6501

COMPUTER AIDED DESIGN

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3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To provide an overview of how computers are being used in mechanical component design

**UNIT I FUNDAMENTALS OF COMPUTER GRAPHICS 9**

Product cycle- Design process- sequential and concurrent engineering- Computer aided design – CAD system architecture- Computer graphics – co-ordinate systems- 2D and 3D transformations- homogeneous coordinates - Line drawing -Clipping- viewing transformation

**UNIT II GEOMETRIC MODELING 9**

Representation of curves- Hermite curve- Bezier curve- B-spline curves-rational curves-Techniques for surface modeling – surface patch- Coons and bicubic patches- Bezier and B-spline surfaces. Solid modeling techniques- CSG and B-rep

**UNIT III VISUAL REALISM 9**

Hidden – Line-Surface-Solid removal algorithms – shading – colouring – computer animation.

**UNIT IV ASSEMBLY OF PARTS 9**

Assembly modelling – interferences of positions and orientation – tolerance analysis-massproperty calculations – mechanism simulation and interference checking.

**UNIT V CAD STANDARDS 9**

Standards for computer graphics- **Graphical Kernel System (GKS)** - standards for exchange images- **Open Graphics Library (OpenGL)** - Data exchange standards - IGES, STEP, CALSetc. - communication standards.

**TOTAL : 45 PERIODS**

OUTCOMES:

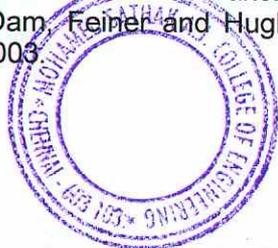
- Upon completion of this course, the students can able to use computer and CAD software's for modeling of mechanical components.

TEXT BOOKS:

- Ibrahim Zeid "Mastering CAD CAM" Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Co.2007

REFERENCES:

- Chris McMahon and Jimmie Browne "CAD/CAM Principles", "Practice and Manufacturing management " Second Edition, Pearson Education, 1999.
- William M Neumann and Robert F.Sproul "Principles of Computer Graphics", McGraw Hill Book Co. Singapore, 1989.
- Donald Hearn and M. Pauline Baker "Computer Graphics". Prentice Hall, Inc, 1992.
- Foley, Wan Dam, Feiner and Hughes - "Computer graphics principles & practice" Pearson Education - 2003



  
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S.No.	Subject Code	Subject Name	Course that include experimental learning through project work
1	ME6504	Metrology and Measurements	Effect of Precision and Accuracy

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ME6504

**METROLOGY AND MEASUREMENTS**

L T P C  
3 0 0 3

**OBJECTIVES:**

To provide knowledge on various Metrological equipments available to measure the dimension of the components.

To provide knowledge on the correct procedure to be adopted to measure the dimension of the components.

**UNIT I .BASICS OF METROLOGY**

5

Introduction to Metrology – Need – Elements – Work piece, Instruments – Persons – Environment – their effect on Precision and Accuracy – Errors – Errors in Measurements – Types – Control – Types of standards.

**UNIT II LINEAR AND ANGULAR MEASUREMENTS**

10

Linear Measuring Instruments – Evolution – Types – Classification – Limit gauges – gauge design – terminology – procedure – concepts of interchange ability and selective assembly – Angular measuring instruments – Types – Bevel protractor clinometers angle gauges, spirit levels sine bar – Angle alignment telescope – Autocollimator – Applications.

**UNIT III ADVANCES IN METROLOGY**

12

Basic concept of lasers Advantages of lasers – laser Interferometers – types – DC and AC Lasers interferometer – Applications – Straightness – Alignment. Basic concept of CMM – Types of CMM – Constructional features – Probes – Accessories – Software – Applications – Basic concepts of Machine Vision System – Element – Applications.

**UNIT IV FORM MEASUREMENT**

10

Principles and Methods of straightness – Flatness measurement – Thread measurement, gear measurement, surface finish measurement, Roundness measurement – Applications.

**UNIT V MEASUREMENT OF POWER, FLOW AND TEMPERATURE**

8

Force, torque, power - mechanical , Pneumatic, Hydraulic and Electrical type. Flow measurement: Venturimeter, Orifice meter, rotameter, pitot tube – Temperature: bimetallic strip, thermocouples, electrical resistance thermometer – Reliability and Calibration – Readability and Reliability.

**OUTCOMES:**

**TOTAL : 45 PERIODS**

Upon completion of this course, the Students can demonstrate different measurement technologies and use of them in Industrial Components

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Jain R.K. "Engineering Metrology", Khanna Publishers, 2005.
2. Gupta. I.C., "Engineering Metrology", Dhanpatrai Publications, 2005.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Charles Reginald Shotbolt, "Metrology for Engineers", 5<sup>th</sup> edition, Cengage Learning EMEA, 1990.
2. Backwith, Marangoni, Lienhard, "Mechanical Measurements", Pearson Education , 2006.



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S.No.	Subject Code	Subject Name	Course that include experimental learning through project work
1	ME6503	Design of Machine Elements	Design of Solid and hollow Shafts, Welded Joints and Various types of Springs

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ME6503

DESIGN OF MACHINE ELEMENTS

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3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES

- To familiarize the various steps involved in the Design Process
  - To understand the principles involved in evaluating the shape and dimensions of a component to satisfy functional and strength requirements.
  - To learn to use standard practices and standard data
  - To learn to use catalogues and standard machine components
- (Use of P S G Design Data Book is permitted)

**UNIT I STEADY STRESSES AND VARIABLE STRESSES IN MACHINE MEMBERS 10**

Introduction to the design process - factors influencing machine design, selection of materials based on mechanical properties - Preferred numbers, fits and tolerances – Direct, Bending and torsional stress equations – Impact and shock loading – calculation of principle stresses for various load combinations, eccentric loading – curved beams – crane hook and 'C' frame- Factor of safety - theories of failure – Design based on strength and stiffness – stress concentration – Design for variable loading.

**UNIT II SHAFTS AND COUPLINGS 8**

Design of solid and hollow shafts based on strength, rigidity and critical speed – Keys, keyways and splines - Rigid and flexible couplings.

**UNIT III TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT JOINTS 9**

Threaded fasteners - Bolted joints including eccentric loading, Knuckle joints, Cotter joints – Welded joints, riveted joints for structures - theory of bonded joints.

**UNIT IV ENERGY STORING ELEMENTS AND ENGINE COMPONENTS 9**

Various types of springs, optimization of helical springs - rubber springs - Flywheels considering stresses in rims and arms for engines and punching machines- Connecting Rods and crank shafts.

**UNIT V BEARINGS 9**

Sliding contact and rolling contact bearings - Hydrodynamic journal bearings, Sommerfeld Number, Raimondi and Boyd graphs, -- Selection of Rolling Contact bearings.

**TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**

**OUTCOMES:**

Upon completion of this course, the students can able to successfully design machine components

**TEXT BOOK:**

1. Bhandari V, "Design of Machine Elements", 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Book Co, 2010.
2. Joseph Shigley, Charles Mischke, Richard Budynas and Keith Nisbett "Mechanical Engineering Design", 8<sup>th</sup> Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2008.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Sundararamoorthy T. V. Shanmugam .N, "Machine Design", Anuradha Publications, Chennai, 2003.
2. Robert C. Juvinall and Kurt M. Marshek, "Fundamentals of Machine Design", 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Wiley, 2005
3. Alfred Hall, Halowenko, A and Laughlin, H., "Machine Design", Tata McGraw-Hill BookCo.(Schaum's Outline), 2010
4. Bernard Hamrock, Steven Schmid,Bo Jacobson, "Fundamentals of Machine Elements", 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Book Co., 2006.
5. Orthwein W, "Machine Component Design", Jaico Publishing Co, 2003.
6. Ansel Ugural, "Mechanical Design – An Integral Approach", 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Book Co, 2003.
7. Merhyle F. Spotts, Terry E. Shoup and Lee E. Hornberger, "Design of Machine Elements" 8th Edition, Printice Hall, 2003



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S.No.	Subject Code	Subject Name	Course that include experimental learning through project work
1	ME6601	Design of Transmission System	Design of Flat belts ad Pulleys, Selection of V belts and Pulleys, Speed ratios and Number of teeth, force analysis, tooth stresses, dynamic effects and straight bevel gear

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ME6601

## DESIGN OF TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS

L T P C  
3 0 0 3

### OBJECTIVES:

- To gain knowledge on the principles and procedure for the design of Mechanical power Transmission components.
- To understand the standard procedure available for Design of Transmission of Mechanical elements
- To learn to use standard data and catalogues (Use of P S G Design Data Book permitted)

### UNIT I DESIGN OF FLEXIBLE ELEMENTS

9

Design of Flat belts and pulleys - Selection of V belts and pulleys - Selection of hoisting wire ropes and pulleys - Design of Transmission chains and Sprockets.

### UNIT II SPUR GEARS AND PARALLEL AXIS HELICAL GEARS

9

Speed ratios and number of teeth-Force analysis -Tooth stresses - Dynamic effects - Fatigue strength - Factor of safety - Gear materials - Design of straight tooth spur & helical gears based on strength and wear considerations - Pressure angle in the normal and transverse plane- Equivalent number of teeth-forces for helical gears.

### UNIT III BEVEL, WORM AND CROSS HELICAL GEARS

9

Straight bevel gear: Tooth terminology, tooth forces and stresses, equivalent number of teeth. Estimating the dimensions of pair of straight bevel gears. Worm Gear: Merits and demerits-terminology. Thermal capacity, materials-forces and stresses, efficiency, estimating the size of the worm gear pair. Cross helical: Terminology-helix angles-Estimating the size of the pair of cross helical gears.

### UNIT IV GEAR BOXES

9

Geometric progression - Standard step ratio - Ray diagram, kinematics layout -Design of sliding mesh gear box - Design of multi speed gear box for machine tool applications - Constant mesh gear box - Speed reducer unit. - Variable speed gear box, Fluid Couplings, Torque Converters for automotive applications.

### UNIT V CAMS, CLUTCHES AND BRAKES

9

Cam Design: Types-pressure angle and under cutting base circle determination-forces and surface stresses. Design of plate clutches -axial clutches-cone clutches-internal expanding rim clutches-Electromagnetic clutches. Band and Block brakes - external shoe brakes - Internal expanding shoe brake.

### OUTCOMES:

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

- Upon completion of this course, the students can able to successfully design transmission components used in Engine and machines.

### TEXT BOOKS:

- Bhandari V, "Design of Machine Elements", 3rd Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Book Co, 2010.
- Joseph Shigley, Charles Mischke, Richard Budynas and Keith Nisbett "Mechanical Engineering Design", 8th Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2008.

### REFERENCES:

- Sundararajamoorthy T. V, Shanmugam .N, "Machine Design", Anuradha Publications, Chennai, 2003.
- Gitin Maitra, L. Prasad "Hand book of Mechanical Design", 2nd Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2001.
- Prabhu. T.J., "Design of Transmission Elements", Mani Offset, Chennai, 2000.
- C.S.Sharma, Kamlesh Purohit, "Design of Machine Elements", Prentice Hall of India, Pvt. Ltd., 2003.
- Bernard Hamrock, Steven Schmid, Bo Jacobson, "Fundamentals of Machine Elements", 2nd Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Book Co., 2006.
- Robert C. Juvinall and Kurt M. Marshek, "Fundamentals of Machine Design", 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Wiley, 2005
- Alfred Hall, Halowenko, A and Laughlin, H., "Machine Design", Tata McGraw-Hill BookCo.(Schaum's Outline) 2010



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## MOHAMED SATHAK A J COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING

(Approved by AICTE, New Delhi and affiliated to Anna University, Chennai)

Siruseri IT Park, Egattur, Chennai - 603 103

S.No.	Subject Code	Subject Name	Course that include experimental learning through project work
1	ME6505	Dynamics of Machines	Fly Wheels, Degree of Freedom and Single Degree of Freedom

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**OBJECTIVES:**

To understand the force-motion relationship in components subjected to external forces and analysis of standard mechanisms.

To understand the undesirable effects of unbalances resulting from prescribed motions in mechanism.

To understand the effect of Dynamics of undesirable vibrations.

To understand the principles in mechanisms used for speed control and stability control.

**UNIT I FORCE ANALYSIS**

9

Dynamic force analysis – Inertia force and Inertia torque– D'Alembert's principle –Dynamic Analysis in reciprocating engines – Gas forces – Inertia effect of connecting rod– Bearing loads – Crank shaft torque – Turning moment diagrams –Fly Wheels – Flywheels of punching presses- Dynamics of Cam-follower mechanism.

**UNIT II BALANCING**

9

Static and dynamic balancing – Balancing of rotating masses – Balancing a single cylinder engine – Balancing of Multi-cylinder inline, V-engines – Partial balancing in engines – Balancing of linkages – Balancing machines-Field balancing of discs and rotors.

**UNIT III SINGLE DEGREE FREE VIBRATION**

9

Basic features of vibratory systems – Degrees of freedom – single degree of freedom – Free vibration – Equations of motion – Natural frequency – Types of Damping – Damped vibration– Torsional vibration of shaft – Critical speeds of shafts – Torsional vibration – Two and three rotor torsional systems.

**UNIT IV FORCED VIBRATION**

9

Response of one degree freedom systems to periodic forcing – Harmonic disturbances –Disturbance caused by unbalance – Support motion –transmissibility – Vibration isolation vibration measurement.

**UNIT V MECHANISM FOR CONTROL**

9

Governors – Types – Centrifugal governors – Gravity controlled and spring controlled centrifugal governors – Characteristics – Effect of friction – Controlling force curves. Gyroscopes –Gyroscopic forces and torques – Gyroscopic stabilization – Gyroscopic effects in Automobiles, ships and airplanes.

**TOTAL : 45 PERIODS****OUTCOMES:**

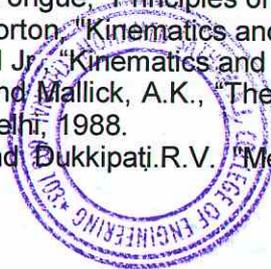
Upon completion of this course, the Students can able to predict the force analysis in mechanical system and related vibration issues and can able to solve the problem

**TEXT BOOK:**

1. Uicker, J.J., Pennock G.R and Shigley, J.E., "Theory of Machines and Mechanisms" ,3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Oxford University Press, 2009.
2. Rattan, S.S, "Theory of Machines", 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2009

**REFERENCES:**

1. Thomas Bevan, "Theory of Machines", 3rd Edition, CBS Publishers and Distributors, 2005.
2. Cleghorn. W. L, "Mechanisms of Machines", Oxford University Press, 2005
3. Benson H. Tongue, "Principles of Vibrations", Oxford University Press, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2007
4. Robert L. Norton, "Kinematics and Dynamics of Machinery", Tata McGraw-Hill, 2009.
5. Allen S. Hall Jr, "Kinematics and Linkage Design", Prentice Hall, 1961
6. Ghosh. A and Mallick, A.K., "Theory of Mechanisms and Machines", Affiliated East-West Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 1988.
7. Rao.J.S. and Dukkupati.R.V. "Mechanisms and Machine Theory", Wiley-Eastern Ltd., New Delhi, 1992.



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S.No.	Subject Code	Subject Name	Course that include experimental learning through project work
1	ME6602	Automobile Engineering	IC Engines, Components, Controlled Diesel Injection System, Biodiesel, Characteristics of SI and CI Engines with these alternate fuels

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ME6602

**AUTOMOBILE ENGINEERING**

**L T P C**  
**3 0 0 3**

**OBJECTIVES:**

To understand the construction and working principle of various parts of an automobile.

To have the practice for assembling and dismantling of engine parts and transmission system

**UNIT I VEHICLE STRUCTURE AND ENGINES 9**

Types of automobiles, vehicle construction and different layouts, chassis, frame and body, Vehicle aerodynamics (various resistances and moments involved), IC engines –components - functions and materials, variable valve timing (VVT).

**UNIT II ENGINE AUXILIARY SYSTEMS 9**

Electronically controlled gasoline injection system for SI engines, Electronically controlled diesel injection system (Unit injector system, Rotary distributor type and common rail direct injection system), Electronic ignition system (Transistorized coil ignition system, capacitive discharge ignition system), Turbo chargers (WGT, VGT), Engine emission control by three way catalytic converter system, Emission norms (Euro and BS).

**UNIT III TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS 9**

Clutch-types and construction, gear boxes- manual and automatic, gear shift mechanisms, Over drive, transfer box, fluid flywheel, torque converter, propeller shaft, slip joints, universal joints, Differential and rear axle, Hotchkiss Drive and Torque Tube Drive.

**UNIT IV STEERING, BRAKES AND SUSPENSION SYSTEMS 9**

Steering geometry and types of steering gear box-Power Steering, Types of Front Axle, Types of Suspension Systems, Pneumatic and Hydraulic Braking Systems, Antilock Braking System (ABS), electronic brake force distribution (EBD) and Traction Control.

**UNIT V ALTERNATIVE ENERGY SOURCES 9**

Use of Natural Gas, Liquefied Petroleum Gas, Bio-diesel, Bio-ethanol, Gasohol and Hydrogen in Automobiles- Engine modifications required –Performance, Combustion and Emission Characteristics of SI and CI engines with these alternate fuels - Electric and Hybrid Vehicles, Fuel Cell  
Note: Practical Training in dismantling and assembling of Engine parts and Transmission Systems should be given to the students.

**TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**

**OUTCOMES:**

Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to identify the different components in automobile engineering.

Have clear understanding on different auxiliary and transmission systems usual.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Kirpal Singh, "Automobile Engineering", Vol 1 & 2, Seventh Edition, Standard Publishers, New Delhi, 1997.
2. Jain K.K. and Asthana .R.B, "Automobile Engineering" Tata McGraw Hill Publishers, New Delhi, 2002.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Newton, Steeds and Garet, "Motor Vehicles", Butterworth Publishers, 1989.
2. Joseph Heitner, "Automotive Mechanics," Second Edition, East-West Press, 1999.
3. Martin W, Stockel and Martin T Stockle , "Automotive Mechanics Fundamentals," The Good heart –Will Cox Company Inc, USA , 1978.
4. Heinz Heisler, "Advanced Engine Technology," SAE International Publications USA, 1998.
5. Ganesan V, "Internal Combustion Engines", Third Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2007.



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S.No.	Subject Code	Subject Name	Course that include experimental learning through project work
1	ME6603	Finite Element Analysis	Mathematical Modeling of field problems in Engineering, One Dimensional Second Order Equations, Second Order 2D Equations involving scalar variable Functions.

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ME6603

FINITE ELEMENT ANALYSIS

L T P C  
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

To introduce the concepts of Mathematical Modeling of Engineering Problems.  
To appreciate the use of FEM to a range of Engineering Problems.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Historical Background – Mathematical Modeling of field problems in Engineering – Governing Equations – Discrete and continuous models – Boundary, Initial and Eigen Value problems– Weighted Residual Methods – Variational Formulation of Boundary Value Problems – Ritz Technique – Basic concepts of the Finite Element Method. 9

UNIT II ONE-DIMENSIONAL PROBLEMS

One Dimensional Second Order Equations – Discretization – Element types- Linear and Higher order Elements – Derivation of Shape functions and Stiffness matrices and force vectors- Assembly of Matrices - Solution of problems from solid mechanics and heat transfer. Longitudinal vibration frequencies and mode shapes. Fourth Order Beam Equation – Transverse deflections and Natural frequencies of beams. 9

UNIT III TWO DIMENSIONAL SCALAR VARIABLE PROBLEMS

Second Order 2D Equations involving Scalar Variable Functions – Variational formulation – Finite Element formulation – Triangular elements – Shape functions and element matrices and vectors. Application to Field Problems - Thermal problems – Torsion of Non circular shafts – Quadrilateral elements – Higher Order Elements. 9

UNIT IV TWO DIMENSIONAL VECTOR VARIABLE PROBLEMS

Equations of elasticity – Plane stress, plane strain and axisymmetric problems – Body forces and temperature effects – Stress calculations - Plate and shell elements. 9

UNIT V ISOPARAMETRIC FORMULATION

Natural co-ordinate systems – Isoparametric elements – Shape functions for iso parametric elements – One and two dimensions – Serendipity elements – Numerical integration and application to plane stress problems - Matrix solution techniques – Solutions Techniques to Dynamic problems – Introduction to Analysis Software. 9

OUTCOMES:

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

Upon completion of this course, the students can able to understand different mathematical Techniques used in FEM analysis and use of them in Structural and thermal problem

TEXT BOOK:

1. Reddy. J.N., "An Introduction to the Finite Element Method", 3rd Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2005
2. Seshu, P, "Text Book of Finite Element Analysis", Prentice-Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2007.

REFERENCES:

1. Rao, S.S., "The Finite Element Method in Engineering", 3rd Edition, Butterworth Heinemann, 2004
2. Logan, D.L., "A first course in Finite Element Method", Thomson Asia Pvt. Ltd., 2002
3. Robert D. Cook, David S. Malkus, Michael E. Plesha, Robert J. Witt, "Concepts and Applications of Finite Element Analysis", 4th Edition, Wiley Student Edition, 2002.
4. Chandrupatla & Belagundu "Introduction to Finite Elements in Engineering", 3rd Edition, Prentice Hall College Div, 1990
5. Bhatti Asghar M, "Fundamental Finite Element Analysis and Applications", John Wiley & Sons, 2005 (Indian Reprint 2013)\*



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S.No.	Subject Code	Subject Name	Course that include experimental learning through project work
1	ME6701	Power Plant Engineering	Rankine Cycle, Otto, Diesel and Brayton Cycle

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**OBJECTIVES:**

Providing an overview of Power Plants and detailing the role of Mechanical Engineers in their operation and maintenance.

**UNIT I COAL BASED THERMAL POWER PLANTS 10**  
Rankine cycle - improvisations, Layout of modern coal power plant, Super Critical Boilers, FBC Boilers, Turbines, Condensers, Steam & Heat rate, Subsystems of thermal power plants – Fuel and ash handling, Draught system, Feed water treatment. Binary Cycles and Cogeneration systems.

**UNIT II DIESEL, GAS TURBINE AND COMBINED CYCLE POWER PLANTS 10**  
Otto, Diesel, Dual & Brayton Cycle - Analysis & Optimisation. Components of Diesel and Gas Turbine power plants. Combined Cycle Power Plants. Integrated Gasifier based Combined Cycle systems.

**UNIT III NUCLEAR POWER PLANTS 7**  
Basics of Nuclear Engineering, Layout and subsystems of Nuclear Power Plants, Working of Nuclear Reactors : *Boiling Water Reactor (BWR)*, *Pressurized Water Reactor (PWR)*, *CANada Deuterium-Uranium reactor (CANDU)*, Breeder, Gas Cooled and Liquid Metal Cooled Reactors. Safety measures for Nuclear Power plants.

**UNIT IV POWER FROM RENEWABLE ENERGY 10**  
Hydro Electric Power Plants – Classification, Typical Layout and associated components including Turbines. Principle, Construction and working of Wind, Tidal, *Solar Photo Voltaic (SPV)*, Solar Thermal, Geo Thermal, Biogas and Fuel Cell power systems.

**UNIT V ENERGY, ECONOMIC AND ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES OF POWER PLANTS 8**  
Power tariff types, Load distribution parameters, load curve, Comparison of site selection criteria, relative merits & demerits, Capital & Operating Cost of different power plants. Pollution control technologies including Waste Disposal Options for Coal and Nuclear Power Plants.

**TOTAL : 45 PERIODS****OUTCOMES:**

Upon completion of this course, the students can able to understand different types of power plant, and its functions and their flow lines and issues related to them.  
Analyse and solve energy and economic related issues in power sectors.

**TEXT BOOK:**

1. Nag. P.K., "Power Plant Engineering", Third Edition, Tata McGraw – Hill Publishing Company Ltd., 2008.

**REFERENCES:**

1. El-Wakil. M.M., "Power Plant Technology", Tata McGraw – Hill Publishing Company Ltd., 2010.
2. Black & Veatch, Springer, "Power Plant Engineering", 1996.
3. Thomas C. Elliott, Kao Chen and Robert C. Swanekamp, "Power Plant Engineering", Second Edition, Standard Handbook of McGraw – Hill, 1998.
4. Godfrey Boyle, "Renewable energy", Open University, Oxford University Press in association with the Open University, 2004.



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S.No.	Subject Code	Subject Name	Course that include experimental learning through project work
1	ME6604	Gas Dynamics and Jet Propulsion	Energy and Momentum Equations of Compressible fluid flows

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ME6604

**GAS DYNAMICS AND JET PROPULSION**

**L T P C**  
**3 0 0 3**

**OBJECTIVES:** To understand the basic difference between incompressible and compressible flow.

To understand the phenomenon of shock waves and its effect on flow. To gain some basic knowledge about jet propulsion and Rocket Propulsion.  
(Use of Standard Gas Tables permitted)

- UNIT I BASIC CONCEPTS AND ISENTROPIC FLOWS 6**  
Energy and momentum equations of compressible fluid flows – Stagnation states, Mach waves and Mach cone – Effect of Mach number on compressibility – Isentropic flow through variable ducts – Nozzle and Diffusers
- UNIT II FLOW THROUGH DUCTS 9**  
Flows through constant area ducts with heat transfer (Rayleigh flow) and Friction (Fanno flow) – variation of flow properties.
- UNIT III NORMAL AND OBLIQUE SHOCKS 10**  
Governing equations – Variation of flow parameters across the normal and oblique shocks – Prandtl – Meyer relations – Applications.
- UNIT IV JET PROPULSION 10**  
Theory of jet propulsion – Thrust equation – Thrust power and propulsive efficiency – Operating principle, cycle analysis and use of stagnation state performance of ram jet, turbojet, turbofan and turbo prop engines.
- UNIT V SPACE PROPULSION 10**  
Types of rocket engines – Propellants-feeding systems – Ignition and combustion – Theory of rocket propulsion – Performance study – Staging – Terminal and characteristic velocity – Applications – space flights.

**TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**

**OUTCOMES:**

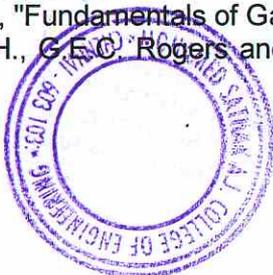
Upon completion of this course, the students can able to successfully apply gas dynamics principles in the Jet and Space Propulsion

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Anderson, J.D., "Modern Compressible flow", 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill, 2003.
2. Yahya, S.M. "Fundamentals of Compressible Flow", New Age International (P) Limited, New Delhi, 1996.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Hill. P. and C. Peterson, "Mechanics and Thermodynamics of Propulsion", Addison – Wesley Publishing company, 1992.
2. Zucrow. N.J., "Aircraft and Missile Propulsion", Vol.1 & II, John Wiley, 1975.
3. Zucrow. N.J., "Principles of Jet Propulsion and Gas Turbines", John Wiley, New York, 1970.
4. Sutton. G.P., "Rocket Propulsion Elements", John wiley, New York, 1986.
5. Shapiro. A.H., "Dynamics and Thermodynamics of Compressible fluid Flow", John wiley, New York, 1953.
6. Ganesan. V., "Gas Turbines", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co., New Delhi, 1999.
7. Somasundaram. PR.S.L., "Gas Dynamics and Jet Propulsions", New Age International Publishers, 1996.
8. Babu. V., "Fundamentals of Gas Dynamics", ANE Books India, 2008.
9. Cohen. H., G.E.C. Rogers and Saravanamutto, "Gas Turbine Theory", Longman Group Ltd., 1980.



  
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S.No.	Subject Code	Subject Name	Course that include experimental learning through project work
1	ME6702	Mechatronics	Mechatronics, Systems, Concepts of Mechatronics approach, Sensors and Transducers: Static and Dynamic Characteristics of Sensor, LVDT

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**OBJECTIVES:**

To impart knowledge about the elements and techniques involved in Mechatronics systems which are very much essential to understand the emerging field of automation.

**UNIT I INTRODUCTION**

12

Introduction to Mechatronics – Systems – Concepts of Mechatronics approach – Need for Mechatronics – Emerging areas of Mechatronics – Classification of Mechatronics. Sensors and Transducers: Static and dynamic Characteristics of Sensor, Potentiometers – LVDT – Capacitance sensors – Strain gauges – Eddy current sensor – Hall effect sensor – Temperature sensors – Light sensors

**UNIT II 8085 MICROPROCESSOR AND 8051 MICROCONTROLLER**

10

Introduction – Architecture of 8085 – Pin Configuration – Addressing Modes – Instruction set, Timing diagram of 8085 – Concepts of 8051 microcontroller – Block diagram,.

**UNIT III PROGRAMMABLE PERIPHERAL INTERFACE**

8

Introduction – Architecture of 8255, Keyboard interfacing, LED display –interfacing, ADC and DAC interface, Temperature Control – Stepper Motor Control – Traffic Control interface.

**UNIT IV PROGRAMMABLE LOGIC CONTROLLER**

7

Introduction – Basic structure – Input and output processing – Programming – Mnemonics – Timers, counters and internal relays – Data handling – Selection of PLC.

**UNIT V ACTUATORS AND MECHATRONIC SYSTEM DESIGN**

8

Types of Stepper and Servo motors – Construction – Working Principle – Advantages and Disadvantages. Design process-stages of design process – Traditional and Mechatronics design concepts – Case studies of Mechatronics systems – Pick and place Robot – Engine Management system – Automatic car park barrier.

**TOTAL : 45 PERIODS****OUTCOMES:**

- Upon completion of this course, the students can able to design mechatronics system with the help of Microprocessor, PLC and other electrical and Electronics Circuits.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

- Bolton, "Mechatronics", Printice Hall, 2008
- Ramesh S Gaonkar, "Microprocessor Architecture, Programming, and Applications with the 8085", 5th Edition, Prentice Hall, 2008.

**REFERENCES:**

- Michael B.Histand and Davis G.Alciatore, "Introduction to Mechatronics and Measurement systems", McGraw Hill International edition, 2007.
- Bradley D.A, Dawson D, Buru N.C and Loader A.J, "Mechatronics", Chapman and Hall, 1993.
- Smaili.A and Mrad.F , "Mechatronics Integrated Technologies for Intelligent Machines", Oxford University Press, 2007.
- Devadas Shetty and Richard A. Kolk, "Mechatronics Systems Design", PWS publishing company, 2007.
- Krishna Kant, "Microprocessors & Microcontrollers", Prentice Hall of India, 2007.
- Clarence W. de Silva, "Mechatronics" CRC Press, First Indian Re-print, 2013



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S.No.	Subject Code	Subject Name	Course that include experimental learning through project work
1	ME6703	Computer Integrated Manufacturing Systems	CAD and CAM, Manufacturing Planing, Manufacturing Control, Computer Aided Process Planning(CAPP), Group Technology(GT), FMS and Robot Anatomy

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ME6703

COMPUTER INTEGRATED MANUFACTURING SYSTEMS

L T P C  
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

To understand the application of computers in various aspects of Manufacturing viz., Design, Proper planning, Manufacturing cost, Layout & Material Handling system.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Brief introduction to CAD and CAM – Manufacturing Planning, Manufacturing control- Introduction to CAD/CAM – Concurrent Engineering-CIM concepts – Computerised elements of CIM system –Types of production - Manufacturing models and Metrics – Mathematical models of Production Performance – Simple problems – Manufacturing Control – Simple Problems – Basic Elements of an Automated system – Levels of Automation – Lean Production and Just-In-Time Production. 10

UNIT II PRODUCTION PLANNING AND CONTROL AND COMPUTERISED PROCESS PLANNING

Process planning – Computer Aided Process Planning (CAPP) – Logical steps in Computer Aided Process Planning – Aggregate Production Planning and the Master Production Schedule – Material Requirement planning – Capacity Planning- Control Systems-Shop Floor Control-Inventory Control – Brief on Manufacturing Resource Planning-II (MRP-II) & Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) - Simple Problems. 10

UNIT III CELLULAR MANUFACTURING

Group Technology(GT), Part Families – Parts Classification and coding – Simple Problems in Opitz Part Coding system – Production flow Analysis – Cellular Manufacturing – Composite part concept – Machine cell design and layout – Quantitative analysis in Cellular Manufacturing – Rank Order Clustering Method - Arranging Machines in a GT cell – Hollier Method – Simple Problems. 9

UNIT IV FLEXIBLE MANUFACTURING SYSTEM (FMS) AND AUTOMATED GUIDED VEHICLE SYSTEM (AGVS)

Types of Flexibility - FMS – FMS Components – FMS Application & Benefits – FMS Planning and Control– Quantitative analysis in FMS – Simple Problems. Automated Guided Vehicle System (AGVS) – AGVS Application – Vehicle Guidance technology – Vehicle Management & Safety. 8

UNIT V INDUSTRIAL ROBOTICS

Robot Anatomy and Related Attributes – Classification of Robots- Robot Control systems – End Effectors – Sensors in Robotics – Robot Accuracy and Repeatability - Industrial Robot Applications – Robot Part Programming – Robot Accuracy and Repeatability – Simple Problems. 8

OUTCOMES:

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

Upon completion of this course, the student can able to understand the use of computers in process planning and use of FMS and Robotics in CIM

TEXT BOOK:

1. Mikell.P.Groover "Automation, Production Systems and Computer Integrated Manufacturing", Prentice Hall of India, 2008.
2. Radhakrishnan P, Subramanyan S.and Raju V., "CAD/CAM/CIM", 2nd Edition, New Age International (P) Ltd, New Delhi, 2000.

REFERENCES:

1. Kant Vajpayee S, "Principles of Computer Integrated Manufacturing", Prentice Hall India, 2003.
2. Gideon Halevi and Roland Weill, "Principles of Process Planning – A Logical Approach" Chapman & Hall, London, 1995.
3. Rao. P, N Tewari &T.K. Kundra, "Computer Aided Manufacturing", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company, 2000.



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S.No.	Subject Code	Subject Name	Course that include experimental learning through project work
1	GE6757	Total Quality Management	Need for Quality, Evolution of quality. Definitions of quality, Dimensions of Product, Basic concept of TQM, TPM

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**OBJECTIVES**

To facilitate the understanding of Quality Management principles and process.

**UNIT I INTRODUCTION**

9

Introduction - Need for quality - Evolution of quality - Definitions of quality - Dimensions of product and service quality - Basic concepts of TQM - TQM Framework - Contributions of Deming, Juran and Crosby - Barriers to TQM - Quality statements - Customer focus - Customer orientation, Customer satisfaction, Customer complaints, Customer retention - Costs of quality.

**UNIT II TQM PRINCIPLES**

9

Leadership - Strategic quality planning, Quality Councils - Employee involvement - Motivation, Empowerment, Team and Teamwork, Quality circles Recognition and Reward, Performance appraisal - Continuous process improvement - PDCA, cycle, 5S, Kaizen - Supplier partnership - Partnering, Supplier selection, Supplier Rating.

**UNIT III TQM TOOLS AND TECHNIQUES I**

9

The seven traditional tools of quality - New management tools - Six sigma: Concepts, Methodology, applications to manufacturing, service sector including IT - Bench marking - Reason to bench mark, Bench marking process - FMEA - Stages, Types.

**UNIT IV TQM TOOLS AND TECHNIQUES II**

9

Control Charts - Process Capability - Concepts of Six Sigma - Quality Function Development (QFD) - Taguchi quality loss function - TPM - Concepts, improvement needs - Performance measures.

**UNIT V QUALITY SYSTEMS**

9

Need for ISO 9000 - ISO 9001-2008 Quality System - Elements, Documentation, Quality Auditing - QS 9000 - ISO 14000 - Concepts, Requirements and Benefits - TQM Implementation in manufacturing and service sectors..

**TOTAL: 45 PERIODS****OUTCOMES:**

The student would be able to apply the tools and techniques of quality management to manufacturing and services processes.

**TEXT BOOK:**

1. Dale H. Besterfield, et al., "Total quality Management", Third Edition, Pearson Education Asia, Indian Reprint, 2006.

**REFERENCES:**

1. James R. Evans and William M. Lindsay, "The Management and Control of Quality", 8<sup>th</sup> Edition, First Indian Edition, Cengage Learning, 2012.
2. Suganthi.L and Anand Samuel, "Total Quality Management", Prentice Hall (India) Pvt. Ltd., 2006.
3. Janakiraman. B and Gopal .R.K., "Total Quality Management - Text and Cases", Prentice Hall (India) Pvt. Ltd., 2006.



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S.No.	Subject Code	Subject Name	Course that include experimental learning through project work
1	MG6863	Engineering Economics	Introduction to economics, Flow in an economy, Law of supply and demand. Concept of Engineering, Make or buy decision, value Engineering Procedure, Replacement and Maintenance analysis

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Chennai-603 103.

**OBJECTIVES:**

To enable students to understand the fundamental economic concepts applicable to engineering and to learn the techniques of incorporating inflation factor in economic decision making.

**UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO ECONOMICS 8**

Introduction to Economics- Flow in an economy, Law of supply and demand, Concept of Engineering Economics – Engineering efficiency, Economic efficiency, Scope of engineering economics - Element of costs, Marginal cost, Marginal Revenue, Sunk cost, Opportunity cost, Break-even analysis - V ratio, Elementary economic Analysis – Material selection for product Design selection for a product, Process planning.

**UNIT II VALUE ENGINEERING 10**

Make or buy decision, Value engineering – Function, aims, Value engineering procedure. Interest formulae and their applications –Time value of money, Single payment compound amount factor, Single payment present worth factor, Equal payment series sinking fund factor, Equal payment series payment Present worth factor- equal payment series capital recovery factor - Uniform gradient series annual equivalent factor, Effective interest rate, Examples in all the methods.

**UNIT III CASH FLOW 9**

Methods of comparison of alternatives – present worth method (Revenue dominated cash flow diagram), Future worth method (Revenue dominated cash flow diagram, cost dominated cash flow diagram), Annual equivalent method (Revenue dominated cash flow diagram, cost dominated cash flow diagram), rate of return method, Examples in all the methods.

**UNIT IV REPLACEMENT AND MAINTENANCE ANALYSIS 9**

Replacement and Maintenance analysis – Types of maintenance, types of replacement problem, determination of economic life of an asset, Replacement of an asset with a new asset – capital recovery with return and concept of challenger and defender, Simple probabilistic model for items which fail completely.

**UNIT V DEPRECIATION**

Depreciation- Introduction, Straight line method of depreciation, declining balance method of depreciation-Sum of the years digits method of depreciation, sinking fund method of depreciation/ Annuity method of depreciation, service output method of depreciation-Evaluation of public alternatives- introduction, Examples, Inflation adjusted decisions – procedure to adjust inflation, Examples on comparison of alternatives and determination of economic life of asset.

**TOTAL: 45 PERIODS****OUTCOMES :**

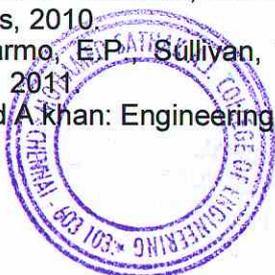
Upon successful completion of this course, students will acquire the skills to apply the basics of economics and cost analysis to engineering and take economically sound decisions.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Panneer Selvam, R, "Engineering Economics", Prentice Hall of India Ltd, New Delhi, 2001.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Chan S.Park, "Contemporary Engineering Economics", Prentice Hall of India, 2011.
2. Donald.G. Newman, Jerome.P.Lavelle, "Engineering Economics and analysis" Engg. Press, Texas, 2010.
3. Degarmo, E.P., Sullivan, W.G and Canada, J.R, "Engineering Economy", Macmillan, New York, 2011.
4. Zahid A.khan: Engineering Economy, "Engineering Economy", Dorling Kindersley, 2012



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S.No.	Subject Code	Subject Name	Course that include experimental learning through project work
1	ME6001	Quality Control and Reliability Engineering	Definition of Quality, Basic concept of quality, Lot by lot Sampling, Life Testing, Objective, Failure data analysis and Reliability Improvements

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**OBJECTIVES:**

- To introduce the concept of SQC
- To understand process control and acceptance sampling procedure and their application.
- To learn the concept of reliability.

<b>UNIT I</b>	<b>INTRODUCTION AND PROCESS CONTROL FOR VARIABLES</b>	<b>10</b>
Introduction, definition of quality, basic concept of quality, definition of SQC, benefits and limitation of SQC, Quality assurance, Quality control: Quality cost-Variation in process causes of variation –Theory of control chart- uses of control chart – Control chart for variables – X chart, R chart and $\bar{x}$ chart - process capability – process capability studies and simple problems. Six sigma concepts		
<b>UNIT II</b>	<b>PROCESS CONTROL FOR ATTRIBUTES</b>	<b>8</b>
Control chart for attributes –control chart for non conformings– p chart and np chart – control chart for nonconformities– C and U charts, State of control and process out of control identification in charts, pattern study.		
<b>UNIT III</b>	<b>ACCEPTANCE SAMPLING</b>	<b>9</b>
Lot by lot sampling – types – probability of acceptance in single, double, multiple sampling techniques – O.C. curves – producer's Risk and consumer's Risk. AQL, LTPD, AOQL concepts-standard sampling plans for AQL and LTPD- uses of standard sampling plans.		
<b>UNIT IV</b>	<b>LIFE TESTING – RELIABILITY</b>	<b>9</b>
Life testing – Objective – failure data analysis, Mean failure rate, mean time to failure, mean time between failure, hazard rate – Weibull model, system reliability, series, parallel and mixed configuration – simple problems. Maintainability and availability – simple problems. Acceptance sampling based on reliability test – O.C Curves.		
<b>UNIT V</b>	<b>QUALITY AND RELIABILITY</b>	<b>9</b>
Reliability improvements – techniques- use of Pareto analysis – design for reliability – redundancy unit and standby redundancy – Optimization in reliability – Product design – Product analysis – Product development – Product life cycles.		
		<b>TOTAL: 45 PERIODS</b>

**Note:** Use of approved statistical table permitted in the examination.

**OUTCOMES:**

- Upon successful completion of this course, the students can able to apply the concept of SQC in process control for reliable component production

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Douglas.C. Montgomery, " Introduction to Statistical quality control", 4<sup>th</sup> edition, John Wiley 2001.
2. Srinath. L.S., "Reliability Engineering", Affiliated East west press, 1991.

**REFERENCES:**

1. John.S. Oakland. "Statistical process control", 5th edition, Elsevier, 2005
2. Connor, P.D.T.O., "Practical Reliability Engineering", John Wiley, 1993
3. Grant, Eugene .L "Statistical Quality Control", McGraw-Hill, 1996
4. Monohar Mahajan, "Statistical Quality Control", Dhanpat Rai & Sons, 2001.
5. Gupta. R.C. "Statistical Quality control", Khanna Publishers, 1997.
6. Besterfield D/H. "Quality Control", Prentice Hall, 1993.
7. Sharma S.C., "Inspection Quality Control and Reliability", Khanna Publishers, 1998.



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S.No.	Subject Code	Subject Name	Course that include experimental learning through project work
1	ME6002	Refrigeration and Air Conditioning	P-H, and T-S diagrams, Deviation from theoretical cycle, Relative humidity, Enthalpy, Humid Specific Heat, Wet Bulb Temperature Thermodynamic Wet Bulb Wet Bulb Temperature.

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ME6002

REFRIGERATION AND AIR CONDITIONING

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**OBJECTIVES:**

To understand the underlying principles of operations in different Refrigeration & Air conditioning systems and components.

To provide knowledge on design aspects of Refrigeration & Air conditioning systems

**UNIT I INTRODUCTION**

5

Introduction to Refrigeration - Unit of Refrigeration and C.O.P.- Ideal cycles- Refrigerants Desirable properties – Classification - Nomenclature - ODP & GWP.

**UNIT II VAPOUR COMPRESSION REFRIGERATION SYSTEM**

10

Vapor compression cycle : p-h and T-s diagrams - deviations from theoretical cycle – subcooling and super heating- effects of condenser and evaporator pressure on COP- multipressure system - low temperature refrigeration - Cascade systems – problems. Equipments: Type of Compressors, Condensers, Expansion devices, Evaporators.

**UNIT III OTHER REFRIGERATION SYSTEMS**

8

Working principles of Vapour absorption systems and adsorption cooling systems – Steam jet refrigeration- Ejector refrigeration systems- Thermoelectric refrigeration- Air refrigeration - Magnetic - Vortex and Pulse tube refrigeration systems.

**UNIT IV PSYCHROMETRIC PROPERTIES AND PROCESSES**

10

Properties of moist Air-Gibbs Dalton law, Specific humidity, Dew point temperature, Degree of saturation, Relative humidity, Enthalpy, Humid specific heat, Wet bulb temperature Thermodynamic wet bulb temperature, Psychrometric chart; Psychrometric of air-conditioning processes, mixing of air streams.

**UNIT V AIR CONDITIONING SYSTEMS AND LOAD ESTIMATION**

12

Air conditioning loads: Outside and inside design conditions; Heat transfer through structure, Solar radiation, Electrical appliances, Infiltration and ventilation, internal heat load; Apparatus selection; fresh air load, human comfort & IAQ principles, effective temperature & chart, calculation of summer & winter air conditioning load; Classifications, Layout of plants; Air distribution system; Filters; Air Conditioning Systems with Controls: Temperature, Pressure and Humidity sensors, Actuators & Safety controls.

**TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**

**OUTCOMES:**

Upon completion of this course, the students can able to demonstrate the operations in different Refrigeration & Air conditioning systems and also able to design Refrigeration & Air conditioning systems .

**TEXT BOOK:**

1. Arora, C.P., "Refrigeration and Air Conditioning", 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2010.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Roy J. Dossat, "Principles of Refrigeration", 4<sup>th</sup> edition, Pearson Education Asia, 2009.
2. Stoecker, W.F. and Jones J. W., "Refrigeration and Air Conditioning", McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 1986.
3. ASHRAE Hand book, Fundamentals, 2010
4. Jones W.P., "Air conditioning engineering", 5<sup>th</sup> edition, Elsevier Butterworth-Heinemann, 2001



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S.No.	Subject Code	Subject Name	Course that include experimental learning through project work
1	ME6003	Renewable Source of Energy	Solar Radiation, Measurements of Solar Radiation, Solar direct thermal Applications and Solar Thermal Power generation

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ME6003

**RENEWABLE SOURCES OF ENERGY**

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**OBJECTIVES:**

At the end of the course, the students are expected to identify the new methodologies / technologies for effective utilization of renewable energy sources.

**UNIT I INTRODUCTION**

9

World Energy Use – Reserves of Energy Resources – Environmental Aspects of Energy Utilisation – Renewable Energy Scenario in Tamil nadu, India and around the World – Potentials - Achievements / Applications – Economics of renewable energy systems.

**UNIT II SOLAR ENERGY**

9

Solar Radiation – Measurements of Solar Radiation - Flat Plate and Concentrating Collectors – Solar direct Thermal Applications – Solar thermal Power Generation - Fundamentals of Solar Photo Voltaic Conversion – Solar Cells – Solar PV Power Generation – Solar PV Applications.

**UNIT III WIND ENERGY**

9

Wind Data and Energy Estimation – Types of Wind Energy Systems – Performance – Site Selection – Details of Wind Turbine Generator – Safety and Environmental Aspects

**UNIT IV BIO - ENERGY**

9

Biomass direct combustion – Biomass gasifiers – Biogas plants – Digesters – Ethanol production – Bio diesel – Cogeneration - Biomass Applications

**UNIT V OTHER RENEWABLE ENERGY SOURCES**

9

Tidal energy – Wave Energy – Open and Closed OTEC Cycles – Small Hydro-Geothermal Energy – Hydrogen and Storage - Fuel Cell Systems – Hybrid Systems.

**TOTAL : 45 PERIODS**

**OUTCOMES:**

Upon completion of this course, the students can able to identify the new methodologies / technologies for effective utilization of renewable energy sources.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Rai. G.D., "Non Conventional Energy Sources", Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 2011.
2. Twidell, J.W. & Weir, A., "Renewable Energy Sources", EFN Spon Ltd., UK, 2006.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Sukhatme. S.P., "Solar Energy", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd., New Delhi, 1997.
2. Godfrey Boyle, "Renewable Energy, Power for a Sustainable Future", Oxford University Press, U.K., 1996.
3. Tiwari. G.N., Solar Energy – "Fundamentals Design, Modelling & Applications", Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi, 2002.
4. Freris. L.L., "Wind Energy Conversion Systems", Prentice Hall, UK, 1990.
5. Johnson Gary, L. "Wind Energy Systems", Prentice Hall, New York, 1985
6. David M. Mousdale – "Introduction to Biofuels", CRC Press, Taylor & Francis Group, USA 2010
7. Chetan Singh Solanki, Solar Photovoltaics, "Fundamentals, Technologies and Applications", PHI Learning Private Limited, New Delhi, 2009.



  
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S.No.	Subject Code	Subject Name	Course that include experimental learning through project work
1	ME6004	Unconventional Machining Process	Unconventional Machining Process. Need, classification and brief overview

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**OBJECTIVES:**

To learn about various unconventional machining processes, the various process parameters and their influence on performance and their applications

**UNIT I INTRODUCTION**

Unconventional machining Process – Need – classification – Brief overview .

6

**UNIT II MECHANICAL ENERGY BASED PROCESSES**

Abrasive Jet Machining – Water Jet Machining – Abrasive Water Jet Machining - Ultrasonic Machining.(AJM, WJM, AWJM and USM). Working Principles – equipment used – Process parameters – MRR- Applications.

9

**UNIT III ELECTRICAL ENERGY BASED PROCESSES**

Electric Discharge Machining (EDM)- working Principle-equipments-Process Parameters-Surface Finish and MRR- electrode / Tool – Power and control Circuits-Tool Wear – Dielectric – Flushing – Wire cut EDM – Applications.

9

**UNIT IV CHEMICAL AND ELECTRO-CHEMICAL ENERGY BASED PROCESSES**

Chemical machining and Electro-Chemical machining (CHM and ECM)-Etchants – Maskant - techniques of applying maskants - Process Parameters – Surface finish and MRR-Applications. Principles of ECM- equipments-Surface Roughness and MRR Electrical circuit-Process Parameters-ECG and ECH - Applications.

11

**UNIT V THERMAL ENERGY BASED PROCESSES**

Laser Beam machining and drilling (LBM), plasma Arc machining (PAM) and Electron Beam Machining (EBM). Principles – Equipment –Types - Beam control techniques – Applications.

10

**OUTCOMES:****TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**

Upon completion of this course, the students can able to demonstrate different unconventional machining processes and know the influence of difference process parameters on the performance and their applications.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Vijay.K. Jain "Advanced Machining Processes" Allied Publishers Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2007
2. Pandey P.C. and Shan H.S. "Modern Machining Processes" Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2007.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Benedict. G.F. "Nontraditional Manufacturing Processes", Marcel Dekker Inc., New York, 1987.
2. Mc Geough, "Advanced Methods of Machining", Chapman and Hall, London, 1998.
3. Paul De Garmo, J.T.Black, and Ronald.A.Kohser, "Material and Processes in Manufacturing" Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., 8thEdition, New Delhi , 2001.



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S.No.	Subject Code	Subject Name	Course that include experimental learning through project work
1	ME6005	Process Planing and Cost Estimation	Introduction, Methods of Process planning, Drawing interpretation, material evaluation, Process Parameters calculation for various production processes, Estimation of Machining Time, Importance of Machine time calculation

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ME6005

PROCESS PLANNING AND COST ESTIMATION

L T P C  
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

To introduce the process planning concepts to make cost estimation for various products after process planning

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO PROCESS PLANNING

Introduction- methods of process planning-Drawing interpretation-Material evaluation – steps in process selection-.Production equipment and tooling selection 10

UNIT II PROCESS PLANNING ACTIVITIES

Process parameters calculation for various production processes-Selection jigs and fixtures election of quality assurance methods - Set of documents for process planning-Economics of process planning- case studies 10

UNIT III INTRODUCTION TO COST ESTIMATION

Importance of costing and estimation –methods of costing-elements of cost estimation –Types of estimates – Estimating procedure- Estimation labor cost, material cost- allocation of over head charges- Calculation of depreciation cost 8

UNIT IV PRODUCTION COST ESTIMATION

Estimation of Different Types of Jobs - Estimation of Forging Shop, Estimation of Welding Shop, Estimation of Foundry Shop 8

UNIT V MACHINING TIME CALCULATION

Estimation of Machining Time - Importance of Machine Time Calculation- Calculation of Machining Time for Different Lathe Operations ,Drilling and Boring - Machining Time Calculation for Milling, Shaping and Planning -Machining Time Calculation for Grinding 9

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, the students can able to use the concepts of process planning and cost estimation for various products.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Peter scalon, "Process planning, Design/Manufacture Interface", Elsevier science technology Books, Dec 2002.

REFERENCES:

1. Ostwalal P.F. and Munez J., "Manufacturing Processes and systems", 9<sup>th</sup> Edition, John Wiley, 1998.
2. Russell R.S and Tailor B.W, "Operations Management", 4th Edition, PHI, 2003.
3. Chitale A.V. and Gupta R.C., "Product Design and Manufacturing", 2nd Edition, PHI, 2002.



  
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S.No.	Subject Code	Subject Name	Course that include experimental learning through project work
1	ME6006	Design of Jigs, Fixtures and Press Tools	Objectives of tool design, function, basic elements principles, Deblock, punch holder. Die set, guide plates, stop, strippers, Difference between bending and drawing. fine blanking dies and recent trends in tool design

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ME6006

DESIGN OF JIGS, FIXTURES AND PRESS TOOLS

L T P C  
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

To understand the functions and design principles of Jigs, fixtures and press tools  
To gain proficiency in the development of required views of the final design.

UNIT I LOCATING AND CLAMPING PRINCIPLES:

8

Objectives of tool design- Function and advantages of Jigs and fixtures – Basic elements – principles of location – Locating methods and devices – Redundant Location – Principles of clamping – Mechanical actuation – pneumatic and hydraulic actuation Standard parts – Drill bushes and Jig buttons – Tolerances and materials used.

UNIT II JIGS AND FIXTURES

10

Design and development of jigs and fixtures for given component- Types of Jigs – Post, Turnover, Channel, latch, box, pot, angular post jigs – Indexing jigs – General principles of milling, Lathe, boring, broaching and grinding fixtures – Assembly, Inspection and Welding fixtures – Modular fixturing systems- Quick change fixtures.

UNIT III PRESS WORKING TERMINOLOGIES AND ELEMENTS OF CUTTING DIES

10

Press Working Terminologies - operations – Types of presses – press accessories – Computation of press capacity – Strip layout – Material Utilization – Shearing action – Clearances – Press Work Materials – Center of pressure- Design of various elements of dies – Die Block – Punch holder, Die set, guide plates – Stops – Strippers – Pilots – Selection of Standard parts – Design and preparation of four standard views of simple blanking, piercing, compound and progressive dies.

UNIT IV BENDING AND DRAWING DIES

10

Difference between bending and drawing – Blank development for above operations – Types of Bending dies – Press capacity – Spring back – knockouts – direct and indirect – pressure pads – Ejectors – Variables affecting Metal flow in drawing operations – draw die inserts – draw beads- ironing – Design and development of bending, forming, drawing, reverse redrawing and combination dies – Blank development for axisymmetric, rectangular and elliptical parts – Single and double action dies.

UNIT V OTHER FORMING TECHNIQUES

7

Bulging, Swaging, Embossing, coining, curling, hole flanging, shaving and sizing, assembly, fine Blanking dies – recent trends in tool design- computer Aids for sheet metal forming Analysis – basic introduction - tooling for numerically controlled machines- setup reduction for work holding – Single minute exchange of dies – Poka Yoke.

Note: (Use of P S G Design Data Book is permitted in the University examination) **TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, the students can able to design jigs, fixtures and press tools.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Joshi, P.H. "Jigs and Fixtures", Second Edition, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co., Ltd., New Delhi, 2004.
2. Joshi P.H "Press tools - Design and Construction", wheels publishing, 1996

REFERENCES:

1. Venkataraman. K., "Design of Jigs Fixtures & Press Tools", Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2005.
2. Donaldson, Lecain and Goold "Tool Design", 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2000.
3. Kempster, "Jigs and Fixture Design", Third Edition, Hoddes and Stoughton, 1974.
4. Hoffman "Jigs and Fixture Design", Thomson Delmar Learning, Singapore, 2004.
5. ASTME Fundamentals of Tool Design Prentice Hall of India.
6. Design Data Hand Book, PSG College of Technology, Coimbatore.



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S.No.	Subject Code	Subject Name	Course that include experimental learning through project work
1	ME6007	Composite Materials and Mechanics	Need, General Characteristics, Applications, Fibers, Glass, Matrices, polymer, Metal matrices, Generalized Hooke's Law, Angle Ply Laminates. Cross Ply Laminates.

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**OBJECTIVES:**

To understand the fundamentals of composite material strength and its mechanical behavior  
Understanding the analysis of fiber reinforced Laminate design for different combinations of plies with different orientations of the fiber.

Thermo-mechanical behavior and study of residual stresses in Laminates during processing.  
Implementation of Classical Laminate Theory (CLT) to study and analysis for residual stresses in an isotropic layered structure such as electronic chips.

**UNIT I INTRODUCTION, LAMINA CONSTITUTIVE EQUATIONS & MANUFACTURING 12**

Definition –Need – General Characteristics, Applications. Fibers – Glass, Carbon, Ceramic and Aramid fibers. Matrices – Polymer, Graphite, Ceramic and Metal Matrices – Characteristics of fibers and matrices. Lamina Constitutive Equations: Lamina Assumptions – Macroscopic Viewpoint. Generalized Hooke's Law. Reduction to Homogeneous Orthotropic Lamina – Isotropic limit case, Orthotropic Stiffness matrix (Qij), Typical Commercial material properties, Rule of Mixtures. Generally Orthotropic Lamina –Transformation Matrix, Transformed Stiffness. Manufacturing: Bag Moulding Compression Moulding – Pultrusion – Filament Winding – Other Manufacturing Processes

**UNIT II FLAT PLATE LAMINATE CONSTITUTE EQUATIONS 10**

Definition of stress and Moment Resultants. Strain Displacement relations. Basic Assumptions of Laminated anisotropic plates. Laminate Constitutive Equations – Coupling Interactions, Balanced Laminates, Symmetric Laminates, Angle Ply Laminates, Cross Ply Laminates. Laminate Structural Moduli. Evaluation of Lamina Properties from Laminate Tests. Quasi-Isotropic Laminates. Determination of Lamina stresses within Laminates.

**UNIT III LAMINA STRENGTH ANALYSIS 5**

Introduction - Maximum Stress and Strain Criteria. Von-Misses Yield criterion for Isotropic Materials. Generalized Hill's Criterion for Anisotropic materials. Tsai-Hill's Failure Criterion for Composites. Tensor Polynomial (Tsai-Wu) Failure criterion. Prediction of laminate Failure

**UNIT IV THERMAL ANALYSIS 8**

Assumption of Constant C.T.E's. Modification of Hooke's Law. Modification of Laminate Constitutive Equations. Orthotropic Lamina C.T.E's. C.T.E's for special Laminate Configurations – Unidirectional, Off-axis, Symmetric Balanced Laminates, Zero C.T.E laminates, Thermally Quasi-Isotropic Laminates

**UNIT V ANALYSIS OF LAMINATED FLAT PLATES 10**

Equilibrium Equations of Motion. Energy Formulations. Static Bending Analysis. Buckling Analysis. Free Vibrations – Natural Frequencies.

**TOTAL: 45 PERIODS****OUTCOMES:**

Upon completion of this course, the students can able to analyse the fiber reinforced Laminate for optimum design

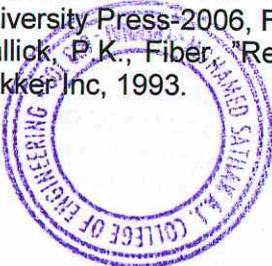
Apply classical laminate theory to study and analyse the residual stresses in Laminate.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Gibson, R.F., "Principles of Composite Material Mechanics", Second Edition, McGraw-Hill, CRC press in progress, 1994, -.
2. Hyer, M.W., "Stress Analysis of Fiber – Reinforced Composite Materials", McGraw Hill, 1998

**REFERENCES:**

1. Issac M. Daniel and Ori Ishai, "Engineering Mechanics of Composite Materials", Oxford University Press-2006, First Indian Edition - 2007
2. Mallick, P.K., Fiber Reinforced Composites: Materials, Manufacturing and Design", Manel Dekker Inc, 1993.



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S.No.	Subject Code	Subject Name	Course that include experimental learning through project work
1	ME6008	Welding Technology	Fundamental Principles, TIG&MIG Welding, Friction Stir Welding, Weld ability of Aluminium and Stainless Steels

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**OBJECTIVES**

To understand the basics of welding and to know about the various types of welding processes

**UNIT I GAS AND ARC WELDING PROCESSES: 9**

Fundamental principles – Air Acetylene welding, Oxyacetylene welding, Carbon arc welding, Shielded metal arc welding, Submerged arc welding, TIG & MIG welding, Plasma arc welding and Electroslag welding processes - advantages, limitations and applications.

**UNIT II RESISTANCE WELDING PROCESSES: 9**

Spot welding, Seam welding, Projection welding, Resistance Butt welding, Flash Butt welding, Percussion welding and High frequency resistance welding processes - advantages, limitations and applications.

**UNIT III SOLID STATE WELDING PROCESSES: 9**

Cold welding, Diffusion bonding, Explosive welding, Ultrasonic welding, Friction welding, Forge welding, Roll welding and Hot pressure welding processes - advantages, limitations and applications.

**UNIT IV OTHER WELDING PROCESSES: 9**

Thermit welding, Atomic hydrogen welding, Electron beam welding, Laser Beam welding, Friction stir welding, Under Water welding, Welding automation in aerospace, nuclear and surface transport vehicles.

**UNIT V DESIGN OF WELD JOINTS, WELDABILITY AND TESTING OF WELDMENTS 9**

Various weld joint designs – Weldability of Aluminium, Copper, and Stainless steels. Destructive and non destructive testing of weldments.

**TOTAL : 45 HOURS****OUTCOMES:**

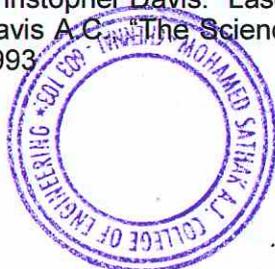
Upon completion of this course, the students can able to compare different types of Welding process for effective Welding of Structural components.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Parmer R.S., "Welding Engineering and Technology", 1<sup>st</sup> edition, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 2008.
2. Parmer R.S., "Welding Processes and Technology", Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 1992.
3. Little R.L., "Welding and welding Technology", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co., Ltd., New Delhi, 34<sup>th</sup> reprint, 2008.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Schwartz M.M. "Metals Joining Manual". McGraw Hill Books, 1979.
2. Tylecote R.F. "The Solid Phase Welding of Metals". Edward Arnold Publishers Ltd. London, 1968.
3. AWS- Welding Hand Book. 8th Edition. Vol- 2. "Welding Process"
4. Nadkarni S.V. "Modern Arc Welding Technology", 1st edition, Oxford IBH Publishers, 2005.
5. Christopher Davis. "Laser Welding- Practical Guide". Jaico Publishing House, 1994.
6. Davis A.C. "The Science and Practice of Welding", Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 1993.



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## MOHAMED SATHAK A J COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING

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Siruseri IT Park, Egattur, Chennai - 603 103

S.No.	Subject Code	Subject Name	Course that include experimental learning through project work
1	IE6605	Production Planning and Control	Benefits of planning and control, Function of production control, types of production job, Basic Procedure, Selection, Recording of Process and Critical Analysis

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**OBJECTIVES:**

To understand the various components and functions of production planning and control such as work study, product planning, process planning, production scheduling, Inventory Control. To know the recent trends like manufacturing requirement Planning (MRP II) and Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP).

**UNIT I INTRODUCTION**

Objectives and benefits of planning and control-Functions of production control-Types of production-job- batch and continuous-Product development and design-Marketing aspect - Functional aspects-Operational aspect-Durability and dependability aspect aesthetic aspect. Profit consideration-Standardization, Simplification & specialization- Break even analysis-Economics of a new design.

**UNIT II WORK STUDY**

Method study, basic procedure-Selection-Recording of process - Critical analysis, Development - Implementation - Micro motion and memo motion study - work measurement - Techniques of work measurement - Time study - Production study - Work sampling - Synthesis from standard data - Predetermined motion time standards.

**UNIT III PRODUCT PLANNING AND PROCESS PLANNING**

Product planning-Extending the original product information-Value analysis-Problems in lack of product planning-Process planning and routing-Pre requisite information needed for process planning-Steps in process planning-Quantity determination in batch production-Machine capacity, balancing-Analysis of process capabilities in a multi product system.

**UNIT IV PRODUCTION SCHEDULING**

Production Control Systems-Loading and scheduling-Master Scheduling-Scheduling rules-Gantt charts-Perpetual loading-Basic scheduling problems - Line of balance - Flow production scheduling-Batch production scheduling-Product sequencing - Production Control systems-Periodic batch control-Material requirement planning kanban - Dispatching-Progress reporting and expediting-Manufacturing lead time-Techniques for aligning completion times and due dates.

**UNIT V INVENTORY CONTROL AND RECENT TRENDS IN PPC**

Inventory control-Purpose of holding stock-Effect of demand on inventories-Ordering procedures. Two bin system -Ordering cycle system-Determination of Economic order quantity and economic lot size-ABC analysis-Recorder procedure-Introduction to computer integrated production planning systems-elements of JUST IN TIME SYSTEMS-Fundamentals of MRP II and ERP.

**OUTCOMES:****TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**

Upon completion of this course, the students can able to prepare production planning and control activities such as work study, product planning, production scheduling, Inventory Control.

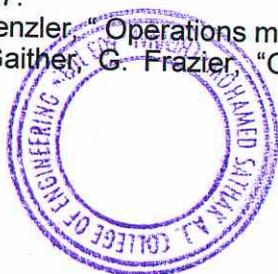
They can plan manufacturing requirements manufacturing requirement Planning (MRP II) and Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP).

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Martand Telsang, "Industrial Engineering and Production Management", First edition, S. Chand and Company, 2000.
2. James.B.Dilworth,"Operations management - Design, Planning and Control for manufacturing and services" Mcgraw Hill International edition 1992.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Samson Eilon, "Elements of Production Planning and Control", Universal Book Corpn.1984
2. Elwood S.Buffa, and Rakesh K.Sarin, "Modern Production / Operations Management", 8<sup>th</sup> Edition, John Wiley and Sons, 2000.
3. Kanishka Bedi, " Production and Operations management", 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Oxford university press, 2007.
4. Melynk, Denzler, "Operations management - A value driven approach" Irwin Mcgraw hill.
5. Norman Gaither, G. Frazier, "Operations Management", 9th edition, Thomson learning IE, 2007



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S.No.	Subject Code	Subject Name	Course that include experimental learning through project work
1	MG6071	Entrepreneurship Development	Small Enterprises, Definition, Classification, Characteristics, Ownership Structures

M. SATHAK A.J. PRINCIPAL  
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**OBJECTIVES:**

To develop and strengthen entrepreneurial quality and motivation in students and to impart basic entrepreneurial skills and understanding to run a business efficiently and effectively.

**UNIT I ENTREPRENEURSHIP**

9

Entrepreneur – Types of Entrepreneurs – Difference between Entrepreneur and Intrapreneur  
Entrepreneurship in Economic Growth, Factors Affecting Entrepreneurial Growth.

**UNIT II MOTIVATION**

9

Major Motives Influencing an Entrepreneur – Achievement Motivation Training, Self Rating, Business Games, Thematic Apperception Test – Stress Management, Entrepreneurship Development Programs – Need, Objectives.

**UNIT III BUSINESS**

9

Small Enterprises – Definition, Classification – Characteristics, Ownership Structures – Project Formulation – Steps involved in setting up a Business – identifying, selecting a Good Business opportunity, Market Survey and Research, Techno Economic Feasibility Assessment – Preparation of Preliminary Project Reports – Project Appraisal – Sources of Information – Classification of Needs and Agencies.

**UNIT IV FINANCING AND ACCOUNTING**

9

Need – Sources of Finance, Term Loans, Capital Structure, Financial Institution, Management of working Capital, Costing, Break Even Analysis, Taxation – Income Tax, Excise Duty – Sales Tax.

**UNIT V SUPPORT TO ENTREPRENEURS**

9

Sickness in small Business – Concept, Magnitude, Causes and Consequences, Corrective Measures - Business Incubators – Government Policy for Small Scale Enterprises – Growth Strategies in small industry – Expansion, Diversification, Joint Venture, Merger and Sub Contracting.

**TOTAL : 45 PERIODS****OUTCOMES :**

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to gain knowledge and skills needed to run a business successfully.

**TEXT BOOKS :**

1. Khanka. S.S., "Entrepreneurial Development" S.Chand & Co. Ltd., Ram Nagar, New Delhi, 2013.



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S.No.	Subject Code	Subject Name	Course that include experimental learning through project work
1	ME6014	Computational Fluid Dynamics	Basics of Computational fluid dynamics. Governing Equations of fluid dynamics. continuity, momentum and energy equation

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**OBJECTIVES:**

- To introduce Governing Equations of viscous fluid flows
- To introduce numerical modeling and its role in the field of fluid flow and heat transfer
- To enable the students to understand the various discretization methods, solution procedures and turbulence modeling.
- To create confidence to solve complex problems in the field of fluid flow and heat transfer by using high speed computers.

<b>UNIT I</b>	<b>GOVERNING EQUATIONS AND BOUNDARY CONDITIONS</b>	<b>8</b>
Basics of computational fluid dynamics – Governing equations of fluid dynamics – Continuity, Momentum and Energy equations – Chemical species transport – Physical boundary conditions – Time-averaged equations for Turbulent Flow – Turbulent–Kinetic Energy Equations – Mathematical behaviour of PDEs on CFD - Elliptic, Parabolic and Hyperbolic equations.		
<b>UNIT II</b>	<b>FINITE DIFFERENCE AND FINITE VOLUME METHODS FOR DIFFUSION</b>	<b>9</b>
Derivation of finite difference equations – Simple Methods – General Methods for first and second order accuracy – Finite volume formulation for steady state One, Two and Three -dimensional diffusion problems –Parabolic equations – Explicit and Implicit schemes – Example problems on elliptic and parabolic equations – Use of Finite Difference and Finite Volume methods.		
<b>UNIT III</b>	<b>FINITE VOLUME METHOD FOR CONVECTION DIFFUSION</b>	<b>10</b>
Steady one-dimensional convection and diffusion – Central, upwind differencing schemes properties of discretization schemes – Conservativeness, Boundedness, Transportiveness, Hybrid, Power-law, QUICK Schemes.		
<b>UNIT IV</b>	<b>FLOW FIELD ANALYSIS</b>	<b>9</b>
Finite volume methods -Representation of the pressure gradient term and continuity equation – Staggered grid – Momentum equations – Pressure and Velocity corrections – Pressure Correction equation, SIMPLE algorithm and its variants – PISO Algorithms.		
<b>UNIT V</b>	<b>TURBULENCE MODELS AND MESH GENERATION</b>	<b>9</b>
Turbulence models, mixing length model, Two equation (k- $\epsilon$ ) models – High and low Reynolds number models – Structured Grid generation – Unstructured Grid generation – Mesh refinement – Adaptive mesh – Software tools.		

**OUTCOMES:****TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**

- Upon completion of this course, the students can able
- To create numerical modeling and its role in the field of fluid flow and heat transfer
  - To use the various discretization methods, solution procedures and turbulence modeling to solve flow and heat transfer problems.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Versteeg, H.K., and Malalasekera, W., "An Introduction to Computational Fluid Dynamics: The finite volume Method", Pearson Education Ltd. Second Edition, 2007.
2. Ghoshdastidar, P.S., "Computer Simulation of flow and heat transfer", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd., 1998.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Patankar, S.V. "Numerical Heat Transfer and Fluid Flow", Hemisphere Publishing Corporation, 2004.
2. Chung, T.J. "Computational Fluid Dynamics", Cambridge University, Press, 2002.
3. Ghoshdastidar P.S., "Heat Transfer", Oxford University Press, 2005
4. Muralidhar, K., and Sundararajan, T., "Computational Fluid Flow and Heat Transfer", Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi, 1995.
5. ProdiNiyogi, Chakrabarty, S.K., Laha, M.K. "Introduction to Computational Fluid Dynamics", Pearson Education, 2005.
6. Anil W. Date "Introduction to Computational Fluid Dynamics" Cambridge University Press, 2005.



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S.No.	Subject Code	Subject Name	Course that include experimental learning through project work
1	ME6015	Operations Research	The Phase of an operation research study. decision models

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ME6015

OPERATIONS RESEARCH

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OBJECTIVES:

To provide knowledge and training in using optimization techniques under limited resources for the engineering and business problems.

UNIT I LINEAR MODELS

15

The phase of an operation research study – Linear programming – Graphical method– Simplex algorithm – Duality formulation – Sensitivity analysis.

UNIT II TRANSPORTATION MODELS AND NETWORK MODELS

8

Transportation Assignment Models –Traveling Salesman problem-Networks models – Shortest route – Minimal spanning tree – Maximum flow models –Project network – CPM and PERT networks – Critical path scheduling – Sequencing models.

UNIT III INVENTORY MODELS

6

Inventory models – Economic order quantity models – Quantity discount models – Stochastic inventory models – Multi product models – Inventory control models in practice.

UNIT IV QUEUEING MODELS

6

Queueing models - Queueing systems and structures – Notation parameter – Single server and multi server models – Poisson input – Exponential service – Constant rate service – Infinite population – Simulation.

UNIT V DECISION MODELS

10

Decision models – Game theory – Two person zero sum games – Graphical solution- Algebraic solution– Linear Programming solution – Replacement models – Models based on service life – Economic life– Single / Multi variable search technique – Dynamic Programming – Simple Problem.

OUTCOMES:

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

- Upon completion of this course, the students can able to use the optimization techniques for use engineering and Business problems

TEXT BOOK:

1. Taha H.A., "Operations Research", Sixth Edition, Prentice Hall of India, 2003.

REFERENCES:

1. Shennoy G.V. and Srivastava U.K.; "Operation Research for Management", Wiley Eastern, 1994.
2. Bazara M.J., Jarvis and Sherali H., "Linear Programming and Network Flows", John Wiley, 1990.
3. Philip D.T. and Ravindran A., "Operations Research", John Wiley, 1992.
4. Hillier and Libebberman, "Operations Research", Holden Day, 1986
5. Budnick F.S., "Principles of Operations Research for Management", Richard D Irwin, 1990.
6. Tulsian and Pasdey V., "Quantitative Techniques", Pearson Asia, 2002.



  
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S.No.	Subject Code	Subject Name	Course that include experimental learning through project work
1	ME6016	Advanced IC Engines	Emission norms, Driving cycles, Bio diesel, Engine Modifications and NOX Absorbers.

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**OBJECTIVES:**

To understand the underlying principles of operation of different IC Engines and components.  
To provide knowledge on pollutant formation, control, alternate fuel etc.

**UNIT I SPARK IGNITION ENGINES**

9

Mixture requirements – Fuel injection systems – Monopoint, Multipoint & Direct injection - Stages of combustion – Normal and Abnormal combustion – Knock - Factors affecting knock – Combustion chambers.

**UNIT II COMPRESSION IGNITION ENGINES**

9

Diesel Fuel Injection Systems - Stages of combustion – Knocking – Factors affecting knock – Direct and Indirect injection systems – Combustion chambers – Fuel Spray behaviour – Spray structure and spray penetration – Air motion - Introduction to Turbocharging.

**UNIT III POLLUTANT FORMATION AND CONTROL**

9

Pollutant – Sources – Formation of Carbon Monoxide, Unburnt hydrocarbon, Oxides of Nitrogen, Smoke and Particulate matter – Methods of controlling Emissions – Catalytic converters, Selective Catalytic Reduction and Particulate Traps – Methods of measurement – Emission norms and Driving cycles.

**UNIT IV ALTERNATIVE FUELS**

9

Alcohol, Hydrogen, Compressed Natural Gas, Liquefied Petroleum Gas and Bio Diesel - Properties, Suitability, Merits and Demerits - Engine Modifications.

**UNIT V RECENT TRENDS**

9

Air assisted Combustion, Homogeneous charge compression ignition engines – Variable Geometry turbochargers – Common Rail Direct Injection Systems - Hybrid Electric Vehicles – NOx Adsorbers - Onboard Diagnostics.

**TOTAL : 45 PERIODS****OUTCOME:**

- Upon completion of this course, the students can able to compare the operations of different IC Engine and components and can evaluate the pollutant formation, control, alternate fuel

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Ramalingam. K.K., "Internal Combustion Engine Fundamentals", Scitech Publications, 2002.
2. Ganesan, "Internal Combustion Engines", II Edition, TMH, 2002.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Mathur. R.B. and R.P. Sharma, "Internal Combustion Engines", Dhanpat Rai & Sons 2007.
2. Duffy Smith, "Auto Fuel Systems", The Good Heart Willcox Company, Inc., 1987.
3. Eric Chowenitz, "Automobile Electronics", SAE Publications, 1995



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S.No.	Subject Code	Subject Name	Course that include experimental learning through project work
1	ME6017	Design of Heat Exchangers	Shell and tube heat exchangers, Heat Transfer Correlations, Overall Heat Transfer Coefficient and Analysis of Heat Exchangers

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ME6017

## DESIGN OF HEAT EXCHANGERS

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### OBJECTIVES:

- To learn the thermal and stress analysis on various parts of the heat exchangers
- To analyze the sizing and rating of the heat exchangers for various applications

### UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Types of heat exchangers, shell and tube heat exchangers – regenerators and recuperators - Temperature distribution and its implications - Parts description, Classification as per Tubular Exchanger Manufacturers Association (TEMA) 9

### UNIT II PROCESS DESIGN OF HEAT EXCHANGERS

Heat transfer correlations, Overall heat transfer coefficient, analysis of heat exchangers – LMTD and effectiveness method. Sizing of finned tube heat exchangers, U tube heat exchangers, Design of shell and tube heat exchangers, fouling factors, pressure drop calculations. 9

### UNIT III STRESS ANALYSIS

Stress in tubes – header sheets and pressure vessels – thermal stresses, shear stresses - types of failures, buckling of tubes, flow induced vibration. 9

### UNIT IV COMPACT AND PLATE HEAT EXCHANGER

Types- Merits and Demerits- Design of compact heat exchangers, plate heat exchangers, performance influencing parameters, limitations. 9

### UNIT V CONDENSERS AND COOLING TOWERS

Design of surface and evaporative condensers – cooling tower – performance characteristics. 9

### OUTCOMES:

**TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**

- Upon completion of this course, the students can able to apply the mathematical knowledge for thermal and stress analysis on various parts of the heat exchangers components.

### TEXT BOOKS:

- SadikKakac and Hongtan Liu, "Heat Exchangers Selection", Rating and Thermal Design, CRC Press, 2002.
- Shah,R. K., Dušan P. Sekulić, "Fundamentals of heat exchanger design", John Wiley & Sons, 2003.

### REFERENCES:

- Robert W. Serth, "Process heat transfer principles and applications", Academic press, Elsevier, 2007.
- Sarit Kumar Das, "Process heat transfer", Alpha Science International, 2005
- John E. Hesselgreaves, "Compact heat exchangers: selection, design, and operation", Elsevier science Ltd, 2001.
- Kuppan. T., "Heat exchanger design hand book", New York : Marcel Dekker, 2000.
- Eric M. Smith, "Advances in thermal design of heat exchangers: a numerical approach: direct-sizing, step-wise rating, and transients", John Wiley & Sons, 1999.



  
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S.No.	Subject Code	Subject Name	Course that include experimental learning through project work
1	ME6019	Non Destructive Testing and Materials	Characteristics of Material and their application in NDT, Visual inspection and Unaided and Aided

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**OBJECTIVES:**

To study and understand the various Non Destructive Evaluation and Testing methods, theory and their industrial applications.

**UNIT I OVERVIEW OF NDT**

7

NDT Versus Mechanical testing, Overview of the Non Destructive Testing Methods for the detection of manufacturing defects as well as material characterisation. Relative merits and limitations, Various physical characteristics of materials and their applications in NDT., Visual inspection – Unaided and aided.

**UNIT II SURFACE NDE METHODS**

8

Liquid Penetrant Testing - Principles, types and properties of liquid penetrants, developers, advantages and limitations of various methods, Testing Procedure, Interpretation of results. Magnetic Particle Testing- Theory of magnetism, inspection materials Magnetisation methods, Interpretation and evaluation of test indications, Principles and methods of demagnetization, Residual magnetism.

**UNIT III THERMOGRAPHY AND EDDY CURRENT TESTING (ET)**

10

Thermography- Principles, Contact and non contact inspection methods, Techniques for applying liquid crystals, Advantages and limitation - infrared radiation and infrared detectors, Instrumentations and methods, applications. Eddy Current Testing-Generation of eddy currents, Properties of eddy currents, Eddy current sensing elements, Probes, Instrumentation, Types of arrangement, Applications, advantages, Limitations, Interpretation/Evaluation.

**UNIT IV ULTRASONIC TESTING (UT) AND ACOUSTIC EMISSION (AE)**

10

Ultrasonic Testing-Principle, Transducers, transmission and pulse-echo method, straight beam and angle beam, instrumentation, data representation, A/Scan, B-scan, C-scan. Phased Array Ultrasound, Time of Flight Diffraction. Acoustic Emission Technique –Principle, AE parameters, Applications

**UNIT V RADIOGRAPHY (RT)**

10

Principle, interaction of X-Ray with matter, imaging, film and film less techniques, types and use of filters and screens, geometric factors, Inverse square, law, characteristics of films - graininess, density, speed, contrast, characteristic curves, Penetrameters, Exposure charts, Radiographic equivalence. Fluoroscopy- Xero-Radiography, Computed Radiography, Computed Tomography

**TOTAL : 45 PERIODS****OUTCOMES:**

Upon completion of this course, the students can able to use the various Non Destructive Testing and Testing methods understand for defects and characterization of industrial components

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Baldev Raj, T.Jayakumar, M.Thavasimuthu "Practical Non-Destructive Testing", Narosa Publishing House, 2009.
2. Ravi Prakash, "Non-Destructive Testing Techniques", 1st revised edition, New Age International Publishers, 2010

**REFERENCES:**

1. ASM Metals Handbook, "Non-Destructive Evaluation and Quality Control", American Society of Metals, Metals Park, Ohio, USA, 200, Volume-17.
2. Paul E Mix, "Introduction to Non-destructive testing: a training guide", Wiley, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition New Jersey, 2005
3. Charles, J. Hellier, " Handbook of Nondestructive evaluation", McGraw Hill, New York 2001.
4. ASNT, American Society for Non Destructive Testing, Columbus, Ohio, NDT Handbook, Vol. 1, Leak Testing, Vol. 2, Liquid Penetrant Testing, Vol. 3, Infrared and Thermal Testing Vol. 4, Radiographic Testing, Vol. 5, Electromagnetic Testing, Vol. 6, Acoustic Emission Testing, Vol. 7, Ultrasonic Testing



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S.No.	Subject Code	Subject Name	Course that include experimental learning through project work
1	ME6020	Vibration and Noise Control	Classification of vibration free and forced vibration, undamped and damped vibration, Noise characteristics of engines, engine, overall noise levels, Vibrations isolation, tuned absorbers, unturned viscous dampers, Methods for control of engine noise and Combustion noise.

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Chennai-603 103.

ME6020

VIBRATION AND NOISE CONTROL

L T P C  
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

The student will be able to understand the sources of vibration and noise in automobiles and make design modifications to reduce the vibration and noise and improve the life of the components

UNIT I BASICS OF VIBRATION

9

Introduction, classification of vibration: free and forced vibration, undamped and damped vibration, linear and non linear vibration, response of damped and undamped systems under harmonic force, analysis of single degree and two degree of freedom systems, torsional vibration, determination of natural frequencies.

UNIT II BASICS OF NOISE

9

Introduction, amplitude, frequency, wavelength and sound pressure level, addition, subtraction and averaging decibel levels, noise dose level, legislation, measurement and analysis of noise, measurement environment, equipment, frequency analysis, tracking analysis, sound quality analysis.

UNIT III AUTOMOTIVE NOISE SOURCES

9

Noise Characteristics of engines, engine overall noise levels, assessment of combustion noise, assessment of mechanical noise, engine radiated noise, intake and exhaust noise, engine necessary contributed noise, transmission noise, aerodynamic noise, tire noise, brake noise.

UNIT IV CONTROL TECHNIQUES

9

Vibration isolation, tuned absorbers, un-tuned viscous dampers, damping treatments, application dynamic forces generated by IC engines, engine isolation, crank shaft damping, modal analysis of the mass elastic model shock absorbers.

UNIT V SOURCE OF NOISE AND CONTROL

9

Methods for control of engine noise, combustion noise, mechanical noise, predictive analysis, palliative treatments and enclosures, automotive noise control principles, sound in enclosures, sound energy absorption, sound transmission through barriers

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS



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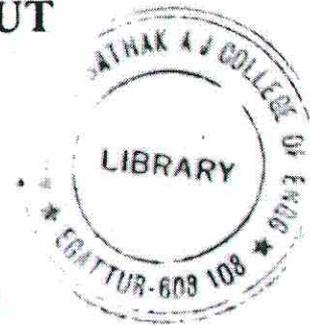


# DESIGN AND DEVELOPMENT OF MULTINUT REMOVER AND TIGHTER

A PROJECT REPORT

Submitted by

R.PREAM KUMAR	(311813114054)
R.THILIBAN	(311813114075)
R.VISHVANATHAN	(311813114084)
K. HARISH KUMAR	(311813114022)



In Partial Fulfillment For The Award Of The Degree

Of

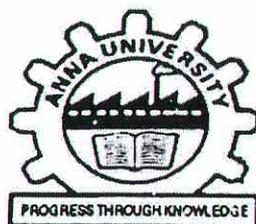
BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING

IN

MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

MOHAMED SATHAK A.J COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING.CHENNAI

APRIL 2017



*[Handwritten Signature]*

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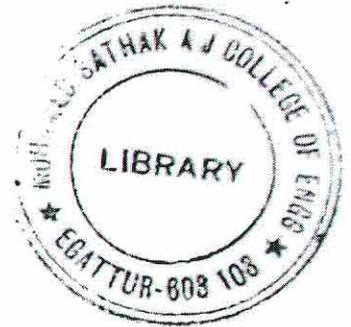
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**BONAFIDE CERTIFICATE**

Certified that this project report "DESIGN AND DEVELOPMENT OF MULTINUT REMOVER AND TIGHTER" is the bonafide work of "R.PREAM KUMAR [311813114054], R.THILIBAN [311813114075], R.VISHVANATHA[311813114084],K.HARISHKUMAR [311813114022]"who carried out the project work Under my supervision.



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## ABSTRACT

This project presents the concept of multi- function operating machine mainly carried out for adjustment of nut without human help .Even industry can prefer by means of save time. Today in this world industry has been made quick and fast due to technology advancement but this advance makes huge investment and expenditure. Every person desires to make operation side by maintaining machine properly.

We have developed a conceptual model of a machine which would be capable of performing operation quick. In this machine the input has been gather from electricity of DC motor by means of battery (power supply). The main purpose of input is rotation of control by means of arduino uno board. The phenomenon of bolt removal is operating with gear mechanism then the power transmission can be accomplish to main spur gear that transmitted into four auxillary gear. This method reduce nut removal by manual method and heavy force can be resolve



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## CHAPTER 13

### 13. CONCLUSION:

The multi nut remover is used to remove multiple nuts in a single use. These are commonly used to remove the wheel nuts and hence the mechanical effort required for removing the wheel is very less. The Multi nut remover can be used in automobile units and manufacturing units. The weight of the model can be reduced by using a light weight material base plate. The wheel nuts can be easily removed using the multi nut remover.

  
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PR. 826



# AUTOMATIC GATE OPERATING SYSTEM

## A PROJECT REPORT

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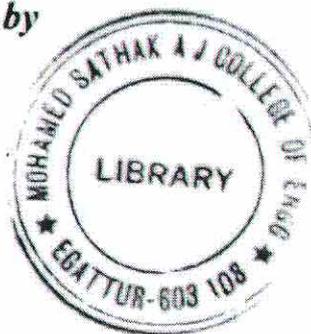
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## ABSTRACT

Automatic gates are nothing new today. Automatic gates are widely used in many areas for its easy operation of opening and closing the gate with remote controls, switches. Most of shopping malls, offices, homes have automatic gates which uses gate operators and motors to operate. In the economical view of automatic gates, they need high investment cost and maintenance. Such that it doesn't reach to all class people. Our project is to make automatic gates with less investment cost and works even on power loss. So our automatic gate design may reach every people and get benefit with it. We used a chain and sprocket mechanism for automatic gate opening and closing with a motor drive. It is easy for installation with less initial cost.

  
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CONCLUSION

CHAPTER 6

Now days, we can see that many of people in big city use the automatic gate system at their home. This is happen when they are often to use transport like car to work. To open or close the gate they need to step outside from the car to open it. It just wastes the time. So, they prefer to the automatic gate system because it can save their time and energy. They just need to push the remote control while in the car to open the gate. We rarely to see people outside from the city using the automatic gate system at their home. Probably because the cost to install this system is high.

An automatic gate with less cost is need for every people such that they can install in their home. The function of automatic gate is to help user open or close the gate automatically using electrical source without manually pull or push the gate. But the gate operators cost is very high as it uses gears for the movement of gate. The alternative way for gate operator is chain drive, it uses chain and sprocket mechanism for movement of gate. It requires less space, less cost and gives more efficiency. Such that it will reach every people for usage of our automatic gate operating system.



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# INVESTIGATION OF MECHANICAL BEHAVIOUR OF BIO-PARICULATE HYBRID COMPOSITE MOULDING

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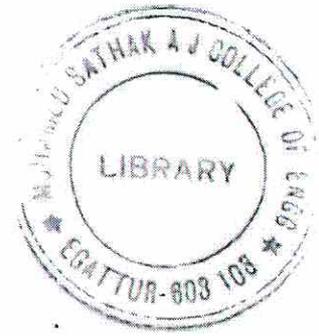
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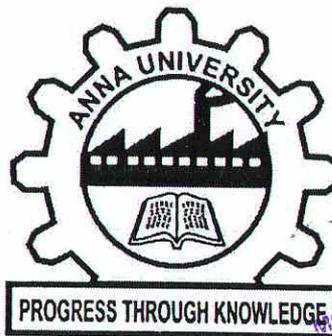
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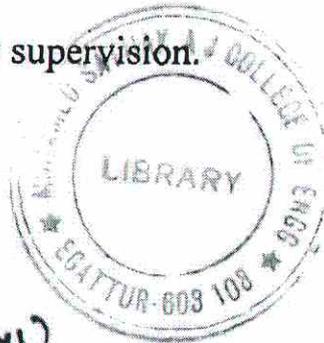
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APRIL 2017

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## ABSTRACT

The objective of the project work is to develop a new class of natural particulate based polymer composites to explore the potential utilization of agricultural residue from the natural resources. In nature, agricultural residue such as wood, rice husk, groundnut shell, coir pith, coconut shell, tamarind seed powder etc., are abundantly available in millions of tons and they are produced during the milling process of base raw materials. There are various researchers conducted the experiments in the evaluation of mechanical, thermal and tribological behaviors of particulate polymer composites. Based on the previous work cited in literatures, the current investigation is focused on the development of coir pith, tamarind seed powder filled hybrid particulate- epoxy composites to make customer value added products.

In the present work, agricultural residue namely coir pith, tamarind seed powder are selected as reinforcement materials due to their low cost, purity, particle size, shape, better mechanical, thermal and tribological properties. For the fabrication of particulate-polymer composites, weight content of reinforcement material varied from 10 to 50 % and matrix material epoxy from 50 to 90 % in compression moulding process and the operating pressure of 2.6 MPa and temperature of 80°C were allowed for 2 hrs of composite curing. As per the combinations of particulate content and matrix content, three set of composite sheets were prepared as per ASTM standards with the dimension of 300 × 300 × 2 mm.

  
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## CHAPTER-10

### CONCLUSION

The maximum tensile strength value 21 MPa was observed in 17.5 wt % of coir pith, 17.5 wt % tamarind seed powder and 65 wt % of epoxy.

The maximum flexural strength value 38 MPa was observed in 17.5 wt % of coir pith, 17.5wt % of tamarind seed powder and 65 wt % of epoxy resin.

The maximum impact strength value 2 J/square meter was observed in 17.5 wt % of coir pith, 17.5 wt % of tamarind seed powder and 65 wt % of epoxy.

The minimum absorption of water is 1.38% in the sample 2 it consist of 12.5% of coir pith, 12% of tamarind seed powder and 75% of epoxy resin.

  
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**DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF LOCOMOTIVE SPRING  
SUSPENSION SYSYTEM**

**A PROJECT REPORT**

*Submitted by*

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**YASAR ARAFATH.S (311813114086)**  
**MOHAMED YUSUF.A (311813114308)**

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**IN**

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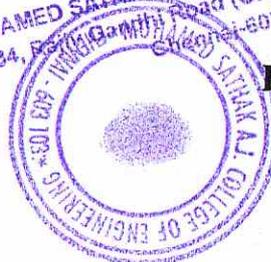
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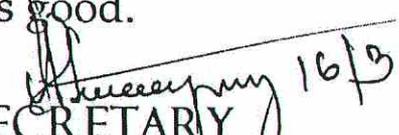
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During this period his conduct and character was good.

  
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Chennai Port, formerly known as Madras Port, is the second largest port of India, behind the Mumbai Port, and the largest port in the Bay of Bengal. Being It is the third oldest port among the 12 major ports of India, with official port operations beginning in 1881 (125 years old), although maritime trade started much earlier in 1639 on the sea shore. It is an artificial and all-weather port with wet docks. It was a major travel port, it becomes a major container port. It is a substantial reason for the economic growth of Tamil Nadu, especially for the manufacturing boom in South India, and has contributed in number of small measure to the development of the city. It is due of the existence of the port that the city of Chennai became known as the Gateway of South India. The port with 3 docks, 24 berths and draft ranging from 12 to 16.5 m (39 to 54.1 feet) has become a hub port for containers, cars and project cargo in the east coast of India. From handling a meager volume of cargo in the early years, consisting chiefly of imports of oil and motors and the export of groundnuts, granite and ores, the port has moved towards handling more than 60 million tonnes of cargo in recent years. An ISO 144001:2004 and ISPS-certified port. Its container traffic crossed 1 million twenty-foot equivalent units (TEUs) for the first time in 2008. It is currently ranked the 86th largest container port in the world and is expanding in the coming years with the capacity going up to 140 million tonnes per annum. Chennai port has been transformed into a main line port having direct connectivity to more than 50 ports around the world.

  
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## CHAPTER 6

### CONCLUSION

We design and analysis chromium vanadium and high carbon steel. We found the high steel value is lesser in total deformation, equivalent elastic strain, equivalent stress and strain energy. To overcome this condition we takes chromium vanadium has a material. To reduce the condition and increase the life time of the spring.



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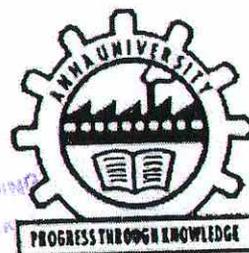
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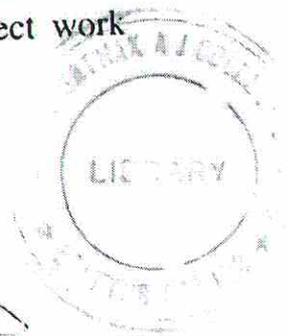
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## ABSTRACT

Usage of biofuels received much attention in the current situation of depleting fossil-fuel reserves and increased emission legislation. Many ideas have been implemented upon usage of biofuels for energy production to achieve low-emission levels. Internal combustion engines are the basic prime movers for power generation as well as for transportation purpose, which are basically run on fossil petroleum. Usage of eco-friendly fuels like blend of peppermint oil and diesel as alternate fuels in engines will attract the attention of researchers. The present work experimental investigation of performance and emission characteristics of peppermint oil and diesel blend in di ci engine are determined at constant speed of 1500 rpm. Based on these, the performance parameter such as brake thermal efficiency, specific fuel consumption, exhaust gas temperature, emissions such as (CO, CO<sub>2</sub> and NO<sub>x</sub>) were tested and results show that the blend of peppermint oil with diesel fuel can be used as an alternative fuel successfully in a diesel engine without any modifications. The starting and engine performance were noted to be normal and had no problems while the engine was on blends of peppermint oil with diesel.

  
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## CONCLUSION

In this study, the effects of Peppermint oil blended with diesel as an alternative fuel on engine performance were investigated experimentally. Based on the experimental results of this study, the following conclusions can be drawn:

- ❖ The engine test of blended oil performed smoothly and exhibited no starting problems.
- ❖ Blended oils can be directly used in diesel engines without any engine modifications.
- ❖ Exhaust gas temperature of B50D40E10 are compared with diesel and found to be effective as characteristics of diesel.
- ❖ CO emissions of the blend D80P20 decreased significantly when compared with those of standard diesel and all other blend is also found to be effective.
- ❖ The carbon dioxide emission is found to increase with increase in the concentration of biodiesel blends as the fuel.
- ❖ The NOX emissions were increased with the use of all fuel blends with respect to those of the neat diesel fuel.
- ❖ The HC emissions were slightly reduced for D80P20 blend with respect to those of the neat diesel fuel.
- ❖ The engine brake thermal efficiency with all the blends has increased with that of the neat diesel fuel case.
- ❖ At all loads BSFC is slightly reduced for D80P20 fuel compared with diesel.

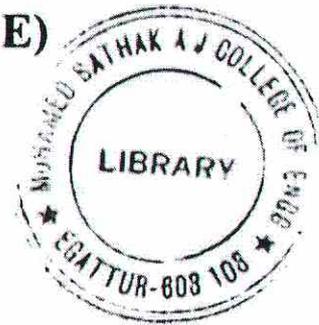
  
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**EXPERIMENTAL INVESTIGATION ON  
CHARACTERISTICS AND OPTIMISATION OF  
NITROGEN GAS PRODUCTION FROM BIOMASS  
(COW DUNG, COW PEA, BAGASSE)**

A PROJECT REPORT

Submitted by



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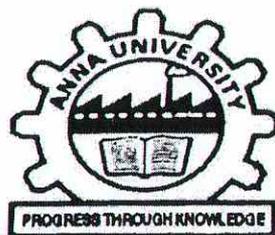
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Of

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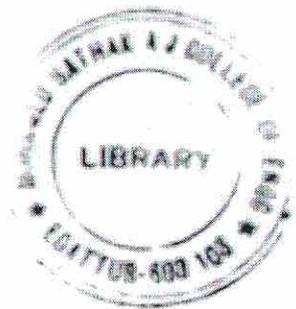
**APRIL 2017**

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## ABSTRACT

The objective of the present work is to explore the possibilities of using two or three biomass resources varying in quantities. In order to recommend the same to rural community in a selected locality. The anaerobic digestion method is implemented in this process of study. Three types of bio mass, cow dung, cow peas and Bagasse, in same ratios are to be used for biogas production. Retention period, and the gas compositions are to be monitored. The digester has been charged with three different bio masses with the ratios (i.e,1:1) to analyses and determine the periods of gas production and the composition of gas that which is being obtained.

Availability of the bio mass and the nitrogen gas production vary from season to season and also differs based on the locality. The idea of feeding the bio mass at varied proportions based on the availability in a particular location will enhance higher nitrogen gas extraction which is fed into the digester.

**Key words:** anaerobic digestion bio mass, cow dung, cow peas and Bagasse, Retention period

  
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# CHAPTER 15

## CONCLUSION AND SCOPES FOR FUTURE WORK

The result of this research on the production of nitrogen gas from cow dung, cowpea and Bagasse has nitrogen gas can be produced from these wastes through anaerobic digestion for biogas generation. These wastes are always available in our environment and can be used as a source of fuel if managed properly.

The study has revealed further that cow dung and cow pea has great potentials for generation of nitrogen gas along with Bagasse which has encouraged the anaerobic digestion. The yield of nitrogen in this experimental study has shown a good variance in generation of the nitrogen gas. We have used cow dung from city side cow thus we obtained high level of nitrogen since food habit (rotted vegetable and fruit's) of the cow various from the range of nitrogen production has shown the best ratio for the feeding which is preferable for useful purposes

In the chemical industry, it is used to dilute reagent gases, to increase the yield of some reactions, to decrease the fire or explosion risk of some other reactions or, still, to avoid the oxidation, decomposition or reagent or products hydrolysis.

This study has revealed the best ratios for generating efficient nitrogen gas from utilized bio mass (cow dung, cow pea and Bagasse) are **CYCLE I (5.4:1.8:1.8)** and **CYCLE II (1:6.5 1:1.5 1:2)**

The localities or the areas in which these bio mass availability is high are Tirunelveli, Thiruvarur, Nagapattinam, Villupuram and Virudhunagar. These agricultural areas are highly preferable in utilizing the feeding ratios to satisfy their basic needs regularly with proper proportionate of water in the inoculums.

The future scopes for this project is to activate a research over feeding the water in proper proportionate with the respective bio masses in order to determine the volume and the quality of the gas generated. The wastes that are always littered in our environment can be used as sources of energy if properly managed.

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PR-877

# FEASIBILITY AND COMPARATIVE MATERIAL STUDY OF INTAKE MANIFOLD OF DIESEL ENGINE

A PROJECT REPORT

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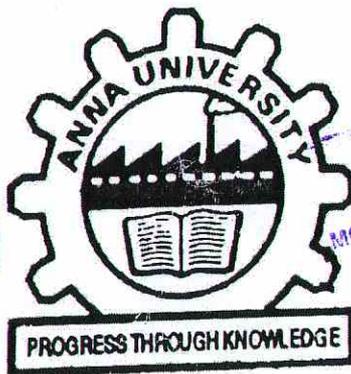
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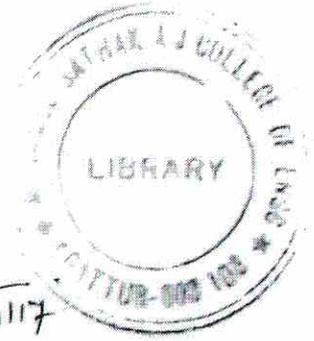
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Certified that this report is the bonafide work of "FEASIBILITY AND COMPARATIVE MATERIAL STUDY OF INTAKE MANIFOLD OF DIESEL ENGINE" is the bonafide work of "M.A. ASHIK THASNEEM, MOHAMED ASAD KHAN" who carried out the project work under my supervision



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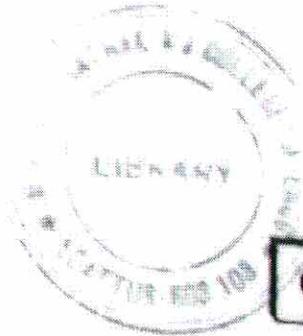


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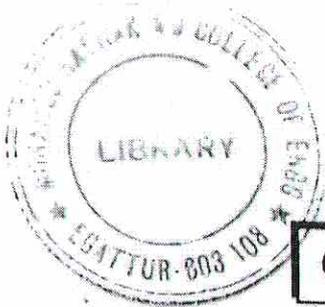
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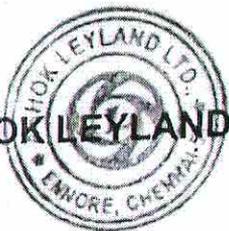
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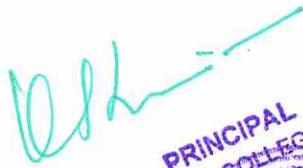
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## ABSTRACT

There are many advantages of air intake manifolds moulded by Nylon 6,6 Glass reinforced composite material versus a pressure-cast Aluminium manifold. Weight is significantly lowered and production costs are generally reduced. Performance improves with the precise control of the interior surface finish and reduced air induction temperatures. The Nylon 6,6 Glass reinforced composite material can be moulded into intricate shapes by injection moulding or Glass reinforced fiber moulding with reduced machining operations as well as Nylon 6,6 material is easily recycled. Production cost will continue to decrease as optimization of material, process and part integration increases. This study evaluates Nylon 6,6 Glass reinforced composite by changing the material in various compositions and testing with tensile test, flexure test, hardness test and compression test to compare with the intake manifold's existing material (Aluminium Alloy). The density was calculated for all the compositions and proved that, the weight is very much lesser than the existing material. Material cost for the existing material and composite material have been calculated for a specific inlet manifold and the cost of composite material was found lower than the existing material.

  
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## CHAPTER 9

### CONCLUSION

We started our project in Ashok Leyland and came to an idea to find an alternate material for inlet manifold of diesel engine. We referred journals and found that thermoplastics are widely replacing the Aluminium alloy, which is the existing material of inlet manifold. So Nylon 6,6 as the material and glass fiber reinforced over it, we fabricated a composite material with three different composition. In order to replace this composite material as alternate material, stress analysis and Testing have to be done for finding the properties of different composition. We did mechanical analysis by designing the material for testing on the basis of ASTM standards and the tensile strength, compressive strength, flexure strength, hardness were found for three different composition of materials.

By using rule of mixture, the density of composite material was calculated for all three compositions of materials and found that all three was comparatively lesser than existing material (Aluminium alloy). Since density is lesser, weight is also lesser than existing material. We selected a sample inlet manifold from Hino engine of 10 m vehicle from Ashok Leyland and weighed it to find the weight. The material cost of both aluminum alloy and composite material was calculated for that weight and it was found that material cost was less for the composite material.

Due to the time constrain, we were not able to analysis all the properties so further analysis have to be done in future in order to find if the composite material can replace the existing materials in inlet manifold. This material study can be inferred not only for inlet manifold but also can be used for other structural applications.



**DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF LOCOMOTIVE WHEEL  
AXLE**

**A PROJECT REPORT**

*Submitted by*

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**TAMIL AZHAGAN. AK (311813114073)**

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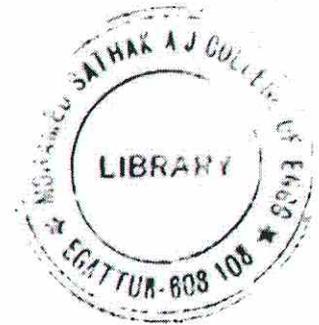
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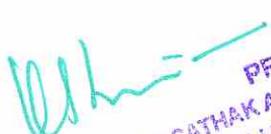


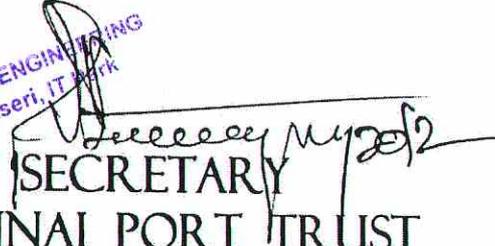
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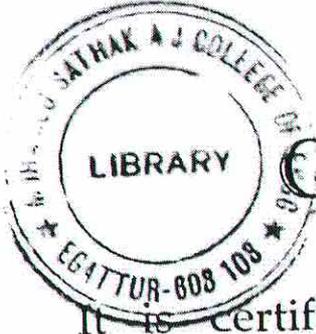
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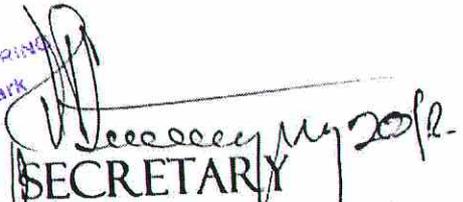
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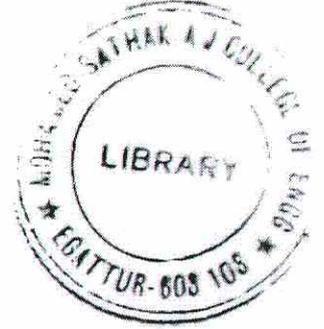
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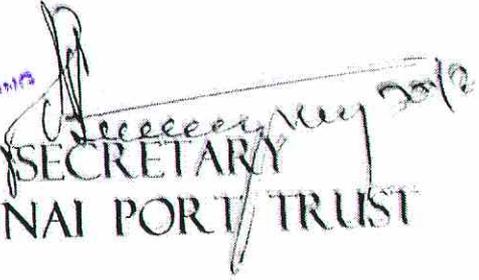
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## ABSTRACT

A rolling component is typically pressed onto an axle and mounted directly on a locomotive or indirectly on a bogie. In this paper, in order to obtain the dynamic forces on the locomotive axle. The objective is to calculate the natural frequency and operating frequency of wheel axle of the locomotive is modulating those frequencies and avoiding resonance by using the harmonic response, thus the vibrations of wheel axle of the locomotive may reduce. Resonance is a vibration phenomenon that occurs at certain rotor speeds when the wheel axle of the locomotive is on the work. The influence of wheel axle of the locomotive design resonance phenomenon is investigated by ANSYS software. In this paper, the 3D model of wheel axle of the locomotive is modeled in AUTO CAD and imported into ANSYS software to perform static and dynamic analysis to analyze strength and dynamic characteristics of wheel axle of the locomotive and optimize if required.



## CHAPTER 12

### CONCLUSION

1. Maximum stress found by ANSYS is lower than that of the yield stress of the material.
2. Von-mises stresses are less than ultimate strength.
3. Since the von-mises stresses are less than the ultimate strength, talking deflections into account, 30 NiCrMoV12 steel is preferred as best material for designed Rail wheel axle.



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PR-881

**INVESTIGATION OF DISSIMILAR JOINTS OF  
MAGNESIUM ALLOY USING  
FRICTION STIR WELDING**  
A PROJECT REPORT

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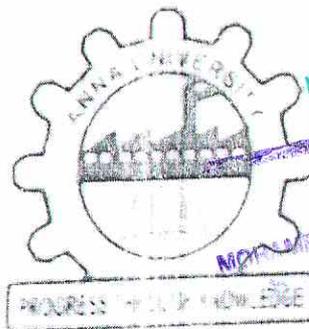
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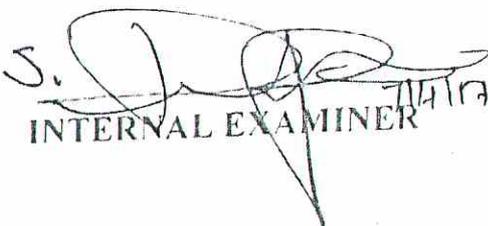
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## ABSTRACT

In this investigation the effect of friction stir welding process parameters on weld formation of dissimilar AZ31B and AZ91 magnesium alloy joints, were analyzed. The onion ring formation, pin-driven material flow and shoulder-driven material flow are analyzed through the macro structures of the joints.

Welding is widely used for different applications. It gives property changes due to the heat concentration in the welded location, so it is important to investigate the core properties after welding using different techniques. Weld fusion zone typically exhibits microstructure modifications because of stir process during weld metal solidification. Welded zone was studied under various tests like macroscopic analysis, microscopic analysis, hardness test and tensile test.

  
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## CHAPTER 6

### CONCLUSION AND FUTURE WORK

#### 6.1 CONCLUSION

- From the above study of macrostructure analysis, weld defects were found in trails-1,2,3,4,5,7 due to the mismatching welded parameters, form trail 6, 8, 9 we have got defect free weld.
- Harness test was experimented in low defect and defect free weld i.e. Trails-2,6,8,9, we found trail 6 parameter gives maximum hardness
- Tensile test was experimented defect free weld i.e. Trails-6,8,9, we found trail 6 parameter gives maximum tensile strength which is 85 % of base metal. Hence we conclude trail 6 will be optimum parameter i.e.

1. Rotational speed: 1900rpm
2. Welding speed : 25mm/min
3. Axial load: 3.2KN,
4. Tool type: hexagonal pin tool.

- Onion rings formations are function of laminar flow under the rotating shoulder and Circumfluence Formation of sound welded joint was made with the above process parameter.
- Microstructure analysis was studied for above parameter.

#### 6.2 FUTURE WORK

Above dissimilar magnesium alloy are welded in advanced welding process like TIG welding, Laser welding, Electron Beam Welding for finding best results.



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# SETUP TIME REDUCTION USING LPS TECHNIQUES IN POWER STEERING PUMP HOUSING LINE

A PROJECT REPORT

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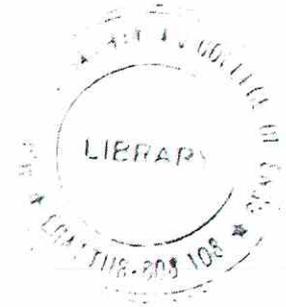
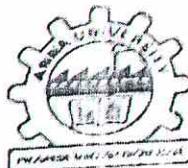
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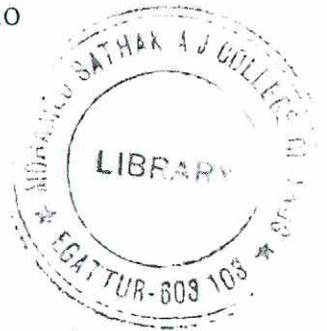
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Is the bonafide work of **PALANIVEL M, RAJAKABILAN B, SHAIK RAHAMATHULLA and RAMASUBRAMANI V** who carried out the projects work under my supervision.



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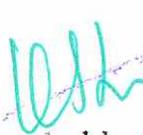
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## ABSTRACT

Nowadays, manufacturing industries are adopting new tools and techniques to increase productivity, operational availability and better overall efficiency of the production line.

This project describes the improvement in the set-up time process. Setup time reduction is one of the lean production techniques for reducing waste in a manufacturing process.

In power steering pump manufacturing, especially in 12 LPM housing line (commercial vehicle's pump manufacturing line), the production rate not able to meet the customer demand due to more setup time loss.

This project presents a procedure for organizing and implementing a reduction of machine setup time. It is based on teamwork and uses the LPS method, which allows a gradual reduction of machine setup time, and further meeting customer demands.

  
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## CONCLUSION

The goal to improve productivity and achieve customer needs is achieved by reducing the setup time is achieved. LPS was applied to reduce the setup time by changing the common fixture plate. By implementing the LPS techniques, the total time taken to setup at fixture change was reduced by from 60 minutes to 5 minutes i.e. 55 minutes reduced and the percentage reduction in set-up time is 80.3% and further customer demand is achieved. Based on a time series of time study data collected during the setup activities, a comparison of results, achievements before and after the LPS implementation was made to measure the effectiveness of LPS to reduce setup time.

  
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**PERFORMANCE AND EMISSION OF MIXED  
BIODIESEL BLENDS IN DI CI ENGINE  
(JATROPHA AND PALM BIODIESEL)**

**A PROJECT REPORT**

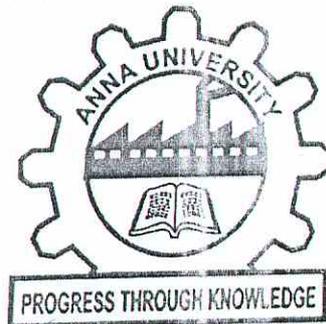
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**Of**

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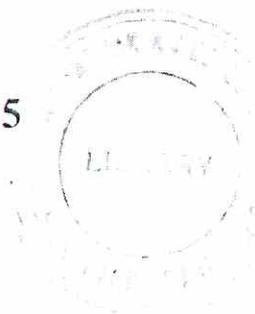


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## ABSTRACT

Economic developed in developing countries has led to huge increase in the energy demand. In India, the energy demand is increasing at a rate of 6.5% per annum. Diesel is one of the main transport fuel used in all sectors. Recent concerns over the environment, increasing fuel prices and shortage of its supply have promoted the interest in development of the alternative sources for petroleum fuels. Biodiesel, as an ecofriendly and renewable fuel substitute for diesel has been getting the attention of researches all over the world.

Considerable amount work had been taken in the account of biodiesel preparation. In our project we deals with combination two proven bio additives for investingation. the project exposis the trans-esterification of jatropha and palm oil by alcohol in presence of potassium hydroxide catalyst at less than 65°C. The study encourages the production of biodiesel from jatropha and palm seed oil and blends of jatropha and palm seed oil with commercially available diesel.

The study reveals that jatropha and palm fuel found to be good alternative fuel for IC engine. the important properties of biodiesel such as viscosity, density, flash point, calorific value, cetane value of jatropha and palm biodiesel was measured. The aim of the present stray is to evaluate the performances and emission analysis of pure biodiesel and its blends.

The end results reviewed that D60J20P20 (Diesel 60%, Jatropha biodiesel 20%, Palm biodiesel 20%) this combination could prove the performances and emission characteristics.

**Key words:** Jatropha Seed Oil, Palm Seed Oil, Trans-Esterification, Biodiesel Blends, Characteristic Of Performances And Emission Analysis



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## CHAPTER 8

### CONCLUSION

From the experimental investigation we have noticed that DIESEL 60% JATROPHA 20% PALM 20% (BLEND B) blend DI CI diesel engine could perform better and equivalent to diesel.

The result were tabulated below:

S.NO	Performance and emission	D100	BLEND B
1.	BSFC (kg/kWhr)	0.24	0.25
2.	BTE(%)	34.81	34.70
3.	SMOKE (HSU)	65.9	51.4
4.	NO <sub>x</sub> (ppm)	676	820
5.	HC (ppm)	63	94
6.	CO (%by vol)	0.16	0.40

- 1) BTE and BSFC value is almost equal to D100
- 2) Smoke is reduced
- 3) HC, CO, NO<sub>x</sub> value is increased in D100

#### FUTURE SCOPE:

We can add catalytic converter to reduce the exhaust parameter.



  
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# DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF CPU FAN

A PROJECT REPORT

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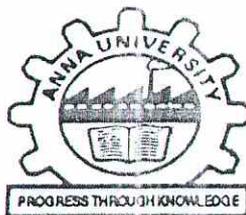
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# DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF CPU FAN

## ABSTRACT

The computational fluid dynamics is concentrated on the forced air cooling of the CPU with modified blade design geometry like zig zag profile in leading edges of the blade. This paper utilizes CFD to identify a flow of air and cooling solution for a desktop computer and laptop cooling pad. This paper considers the optimal blade shape design to have a better heat dispersion performance, a computational fluid dynamic is utilized to search for an optimal set of plain face of leading edge and modified leading edge parameters. The well converged, grid independent and well posed simulations are performed, and the results are compared with the experimental data. Especially, redesigned a CPU fan blade improved the performance. This study will benefit the design engineers involved in electronic cooling and also help to reduce the significant increases in the sound power emitted by the CPU.



  
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## CHAPTER-5

### CONCLUSION AND REFERENCES

#### 5.1 CONCLUSION

The results from the numerical simulations provided an insightful understanding of the behavior of fluid flow around a CPU fan with and without internal fins. CFD analysis was performed for both initially designed and optimized designed fan model. The numerical CFD results for optimized design were then compared with initially designed fan. The key and important outcomes of this study are as follows:

- 1) The CFD modeling shown in this study proved to be very helpful in initiating further and more comprehensive numerical study of the fan structures.
- 2) CFD results were presented in the form of velocity streamlines, which provided actual flow characteristic of air around the fan for existing and optimized structures of fan blades. From the velocity results it is clear that the flow around the normal blade design is high so it is possible to experience maximum sound while running and also its temperature carrying capability is also reduced, while in case of optimized blade with internal fins attached with blades experiences less velocity around the blades so its carries maximum temperature with less operating noise.
- 3) The parameters like temperature and pressure were also considered while performing CFD analysis. The study revealed that a fan with an internal fin attachments performed well as compared to the normal model fan.



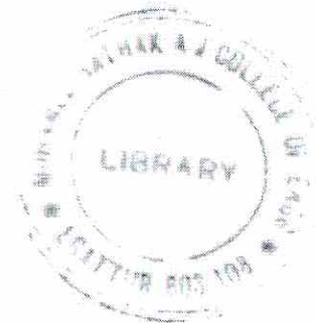
  
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**DESIGN AUTOMATIC PIPE THREAD MAKING  
MACHINE**

**A PROJECT REPORT**

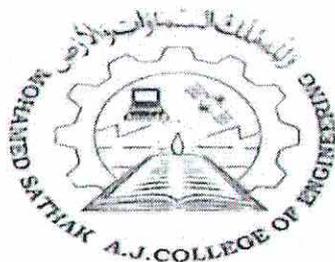
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## ABSTRACT

In pipelines threading is needed for fastening purpose. In general pipe threading machines is used for putting thread on the pipelines this process is done manually. At first the pipe is inserted in between dies and rotated manually to obtain the threading. But the main drawback of this process is that threading manually is harder and time consuming process.

To overcome this drawback only we have chosen this effective method, motorized control is used for threading purpose. This is an easy and quicker procedure.

In the field of cold forging, thread rolling dies are still the sharp weapon to make various threads. Its applications contain types of threads for automobile, motorcycle, bike, R-shape steel bar and scaffold pipes for architecture; components and parts for mechanical industry and hardware and hand tool industry. Therefore, it functions very well by applying to a wide selection of machine component and parts.



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## CHAPTER 7

### CONCLUSION

This project work has provided us an excellent opportunity and experience, to use our limited knowledge regarding, planning purchasing, assembling and machining while doing this project work. We felt that the project work is good solution to bridge the gates between institution and industries.

In conclusion remarks of our project work, let us add a few more lines about our impression project work. Thus we have developed a **MOTORIZED PIPETHREADING MACHINE** which helps to know how to achieve low cost automation. By using more techniques, they can be modified and developed according to the applications.

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# EXHAUST RECIRCULATION AND TREATMENT

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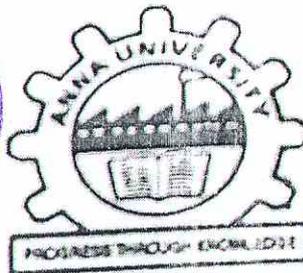
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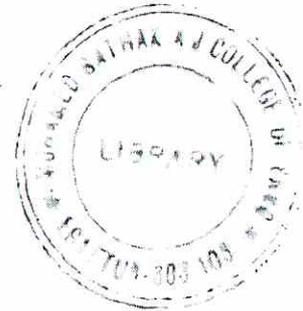
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## ABSTRACT

In 1921, Yandell Henderson and his colleagues observed toxicity in men and horses when exposed; this was however only related to carbon monoxide. In the decades afterwards, the toxicity of other exhaust constituents such as the particulate fraction, nitrogen oxides, hydrocarbons, aldehydes, oxidants, and metals was recognized. Since then, the car industry has developed a variety of exhaust after-treatment systems to diminish the effects of, or reduce, certain exhaust components, while the use of alternative fuels has also been promoted.

Treatment of NO<sub>x</sub> in diesel engine exhaust represents a big opportunity for the environmental application of low-temperature plasmas. In this paper NO<sub>x</sub> conversion to N<sub>2</sub> was investigated in many methods namely diesel oxidation and selective non catalytic reduction, addition to which an emission control method exhaust gas recirculation is also approached. Exhaust gas recirculation (EGR) is an effective strategy to control NO<sub>x</sub> emissions from diesel engines. The EGR reduces NO<sub>x</sub> through lowering the oxygen concentration in the combustion chamber, as well as through heat absorption. Several configurations have been proposed, including high- and low-pressure loop EGR, as well as hybrid systems. EGR is also used in gasoline engines, primarily in order to reduce pumping work and increase engine efficiency. To complement the reduction of NO<sub>x</sub> to N<sub>2</sub>, it is necessary to combine the diesel oxidation and selective non catalytic reduction with a heterogeneous process that can chemically reduce NO<sub>2</sub> to N<sub>2</sub>.

  
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## 12. CONCLUSION

Diesel exhaust is a Group 1 carcinogen, which causes lung cancer and has a positive association with bladder cancer. It contains several substances that are also listed individually as human carcinogens by the IARC.

Methods exist to reduce nitrogen oxides (NOx) and particulate matter (PM) in the exhaust. Automotive exhaust has been under investigation for many years.

One of the technologies available for the reduction of oxides of nitrogen (NOx) is exhaust gas recirculation (EGR). Meeting the various global emissions challenges, EGR works by reducing the amount of oxygen in the cylinder, which lowers combustion temperatures. It's an efficient process for reducing NOx.

Exhaust gas recirculation (EGR) is used to reduce the levels of NOx emitted by the engine. By recirculating exhaust gases into the engine's cylinder, a percentage of the air is replaced with CO<sub>2</sub>. This process lowers the combustion temperature due to the reduced amount of oxygen which, in turn, reduces the amount of NOx formed. In addition to which combination of diesel oxidation and selective non catalytic reduction is also proved to be a very effective ones in heavy duty diesel locomotives.

When implemented on train it is no doubt that it will be same efficient as used in heavy duty diesel engines namely large diesel power plants, heavy duty trucks.



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# SOLAR AIDED PORTABLE VACUUM DESALINATION SYSTEM

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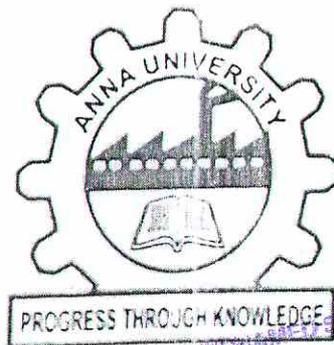
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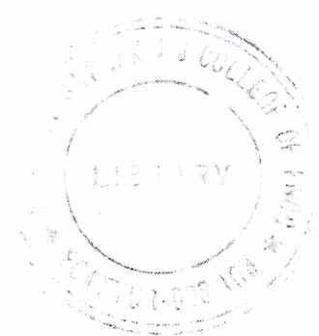
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## ABSTRACT

Direct sunlight has been utilized long back for desalination of water. Solar distillation plants are used for supplying desalinated water to small communities nearby coastal remote areas. Solar stills are easy to construct, can be done by local people from locally available materials, simple in operation by unskilled personnel, no hard maintenance requirements and almost no operation cost. But they have the disadvantages of high initial cost, large land requirement for installation and have output dependent on the available solar radiation. If there is no sunshine, the productivity is almost zero for conventional basin type model. In this paper, the model is used for both day and nights. The model contains the evaporator tank and ice bather tanks are used for this system. Solar distillation is a process where solar energy is used to produce fresh water from saline or brackish water for drinking, domestic and other purposes. There are several distillation methods developed for water desalination technology which differ in simplicity, cost and applications. In the last decades, many researchers have been conducted to minimize the cost of this process, and several methods have been developed.

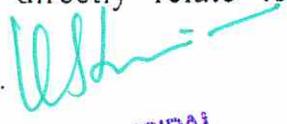


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## 7. CONCLUSION

Direct sunlight has been utilized long back for desalination of water. Solar distillation plants are used for supplying desalinated water to small communities nearby coastal remote areas was done .Solar-powered desalination technologies are suitable and maybe the only technically and economically competitive alternative for small desalination capacities up to 10 m<sup>3</sup>/day to provide drinking water in remote areas where access to fuel, electricity, and technical expertise is not available. The economic analyses carried out so far have not been able to provide a strong basis for comparing economic viability of each desalination technology. The economic performances expressed in terms of cost of water production have been based on different system capacity, system energy source, system component, and water source. These differences make it difficult, if not impossible, to assess the economic performance of a particular technology and compare it with others. Areas of current and future research on solar thermal desalination focus on the following three aspects: (1) enhancing solar-energy collection, (2) improving the technology of desalination techniques, and (3) better matching the solar field and desalination unit. These areas of investigation directly relate to the economic performance improvement of the system.



  
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# ANALYSING THE COOLANT IN DIESEL LOCOMOTIVE

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Certified that this project report "ANALYSING THE COOLANT IN DIESEL LOCOMOTIVE" is the bonafide work of "Ahamed abbas, Bhuvanesh, Mohamed hussain" who carried out the project work under my supervision.

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## ABSTRACT

Now a day's Water is used as coolant, because it has ability to absorb and carry heat efficiently, but it's not a corrosion protection, and has a limited operating range due to its freezing and boiling temperatures. To improve the cooling capacity and reduced corrosion, water has to be mixed with something else to lower the temperature at which it freezes. So we use ethylene glycol with water in **30:70** ratio lowers the freezing point to -34 degrees F while also raising the boiling temperature to 265 degrees

By this mixture it will reduce the chlorine formation so the rate of corrosion will be reduced and the life time of the radiator will be increased and improve the cooling system



  
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## CHAPTER 8

### CONCLUSION

- The main reason for improving the coolant capacity was the engine could not run continuously for more than three to four hours.
- This report highlights the study, and improve the coolant in 700 HP diesel locomotive engine. This report gives the effective coolant capacity is 700HP diesel locomotive engine after ethylene glycol.
- The solution given to this defect was adding the ethylene glycol with water in ratio **30:70**. By this change it will reduce the corrosion in the radiator tubes and also increase the cooling system.
- Finally it does not affect the existing system in any other manner after enabling the new improved cooling system.
- The future scope for improving the cooling system is like to adding different anti freezing chemicals and alkaline are there lower than the water may its will be tested and checked to improve the coolant efficiently.



  
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**EXTENSION OF LIFETIME OF THE ENGINE OIL USING  
OIL MATE SYSTEM IN DIESEL ELECTRIC  
LOCOMOTIVES**

**A PROJECT REPORT**

*Submitted by*

**PRAVEEN.N (311813114053)**

**SUDHAKAR.J (311813114071)**

**VASANTHA PRIYAN.S (311813114077)**



*in partial fulfillment for the award of the degree*

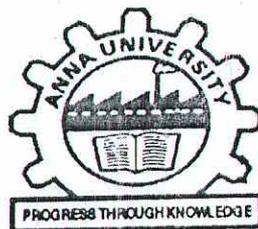
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**BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING**

**IN**

**MECHANICAL ENGINEERING**

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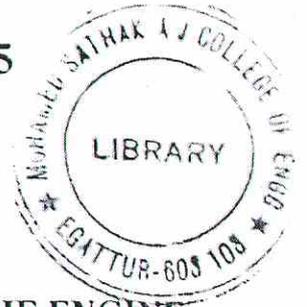
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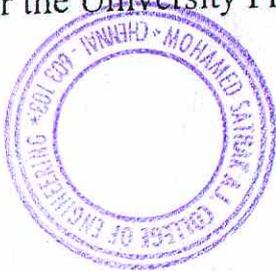
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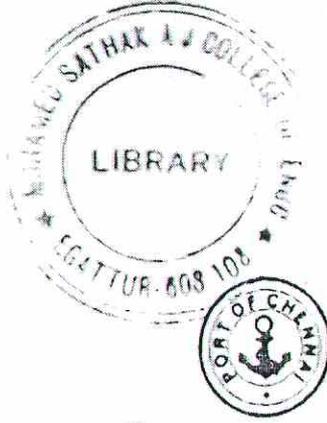


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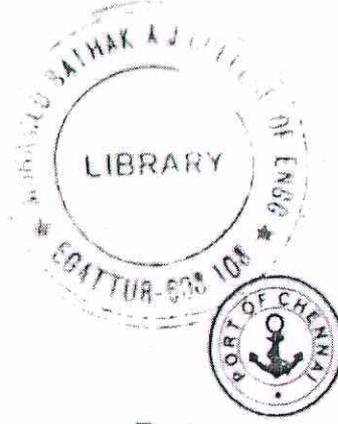
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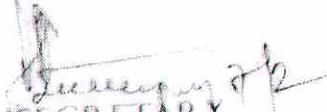
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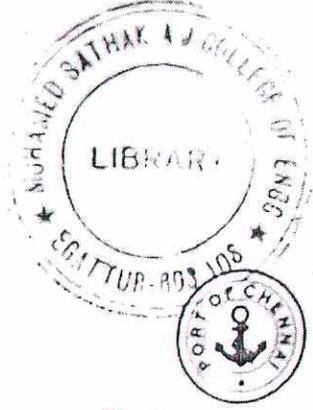
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## ABSTRACT

The growing trend in the engine and its maintenance has led to the development of this project. One of the major problems faced in engine maintenance is the periodic replacement of lubricating oil, filtering elements of fuels, air and oil. This is done as the lubricating oil, during its regular usage is subjected to contamination (water, soot particles and change in viscosity). This eventually, consumes time, money and man power.

In this project a Diesel locomotive (V12) engine's maintenance is studied and a "Oil Mate System" under advanced oil management theory is proposed to extend the lifetime of the engine oil and filters thereby, the engine itself. In operations, the system extracts a small amount of used oil from the engine crankcase and delivers it to a filter (Engine oil).



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## CHAPTER 7

### 7. CONCLUSION

#### 7.1 Conclusion

Study of existing as well as the proposed system in engine maintenance with regard to engine oil and filter elements reveal the strong merits of the proposed system.

Existing maintenance method of the diesel locomotive engine impinges the need for change of oil and filter elements in every 250 hours, but, through the "oil mate system", the maintenance period greatly extends. The oil mate system does not affect the oil flow or pressure and is completely self-priming. The system can allow drain intervals as long as 50 hours. Along with the reduction in our-of-service time, this also minimizes waste handling and used oil disposal costs.

The new phenomenon definitely saves time, man power and maintenance cost, although there are fewer discrepancies in installing process and installation cost.



  
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